# HAJEE KARUTHA ROWTHER HOWDIA COLLEGE

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University, Madurai.)

(Re-Accredited at "A" Grade by NAAC, Banglore)

## UTHAMAPALAYAM - 625533.



## **DEPARTMENT OF MICROBIOLOGY**

## **BACHELOR OF SCIENCE - MICROBIOLOGY**

## SYLLABUS

2014 – 2015

#### HAJEE KARUTHA ROWTHER HOWDIA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

#### UTHAMAPALAYAM

#### Choice based credit system

B.Sc., Microbiology (Semester)

#### Course Scheme & of Scheme Examinations

#### (Effective from the academic year 2014-2015 onwards)

Qualification : Passed in H.Sc., or any other Examination accepted by the Syndicate as Equivalent .

Duration of the course : B.Sc., Microbiology-3 academic years (6 semesters)

#### **OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:**

- 1. To promote the students to understand the impact of microbiology in life.
- 2. To develop practical skills in microbiology for their job oriented career.
- 3. To promote the students to be self employed in the field of microbiology such as mushroom farming, Dairy etc.
- 4. To enable the students to apply microbiology to the various fields such as agriculture, industries, clinical, genetic engineering etc.
- 5. To insist the golden opportunities for their career in research and job in the field of microbiology.

#### SUBJECTS OF STUDY:

Part I :	Tamil/Arabic/Malayalam.
Part II :	English
Part III :	I) Core subject-Microbiology
	II) Allied subjects
Part IV :	I) Non major subjects.
	II) Skill based subjects.
	III) Environmental studies.
	IV) Value Education.
Part V :	Extension Activities

PART	Title of the Domon	Title of the Peper		Duration	Marks allotted			
I/II/III/IV	Title of the Paper	hours per week	credits	of exam (hrs)	Internal	External	Total	
		SEMESTE	RI					
PART I	Tamil / Arabic / Malayalam - Paper I	6	3	3	25	75	100	
PART II	English – Paper I	6	3	3	25	75	100	
	Core I :General Microbiology	4	4	3	25	75	100	
PART III	Core Lab I : Major Practical I	2*						
	Allied I : Chemistry I	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Allied lab I: Chemistry practical I	2*						
	SBS-I Diagnostic Microbiology	2	2	3	25	75	100	
PART IV	SBS-II Dairy Technology	2	2	3	25	75	100	
	NME-I Mushroom Technology	2	2	3	25	75	100	
		SEMESTER	R II					
PART I	Tamil /Arabic / Malayalam – Paper II	6	3	3	25	75	100	
PART II	English – Paper II	6	3	3	25	75	100	
	Core II : Biochemistry	4	4	3	25	75	100	
PART III	Core Lab : Major Practical I	2	2	3	40	60	100	
	Allied II :Chemistry II	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Allied lab: Chemistry practical I	2	1	3	40	60	100	
	SBS-III Medical lab Technology	2	2	3	25	75	100	
PART IV	SBS-IV Microbial Physiology	2	2	3	25	75	100	
	NME-II Food and Dairy microbiology	2	2	3	25	75	100	

PART	Title of the Paper	Teaching hours per	No. of	Duration of exam	Marks allotted			
I/II/III/IV		week	credits	(hrs)	Internal	External	Total	
		SEMESTER	III					
PART I	Tamil /Arabic/ Malayalam Paper III	6	3	3	25	75	100	
PART II	English–Paper III	6	3	3	25	75	100	
	Core III - Molecular Biology and Microbial Genetics	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Core lab II: Major Practical II	2*						
PART III	Allied I : Chemistry III	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Allied lab I: Chemistry practical II	2*						
	Allied II - General Biology	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Allied lab II - Biology Practical-I	2*						
		SEMESTER	R IV					
PART I	Tamil/Arabic/ Malayalam –Paper IV	6	3	3	25	75	100	
PART II			3	3	25	75	100	
	Core IV - Immunology	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Core lab - Major Practical II	2	2	3	40	60	100	
	Allied I : Chemistry IV	4	4	3	25	75	100	
PART III	Allied lab I: Chemistry practical II	2	1	3	40	60	100	
	Allied II- Cell biology	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Allied lab II - Biology Practical-I	2	1	3	40	60	100	

PART I/II/III/I V	Title of the Paper	Teaching hours per week	No. of credits	Duratio n of exam	Ma	rks allotted		
v		week		(hrs)	Internal	External	Total	
		SEMESTE	R V					
	Core V - Medical Microbiology	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Core VI Agriculture and Environmental microbiology	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Core VII - Bioinformatics	4	4	3	25	75	100	
PART III	Core lab III - Major practical III	4*						
	Core lab IV - Major practical IV	4*						
	Allied II-Genetics and Biostatistics	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Allied lab II - Biology Practical-II	2*						
PART	SBS V : Bio chemical Techniques	2	2	3	25	75	100	
IV	Environmental Studies	2	2	3	25	75	100	
		SEMESTER VI						
	Core VIII– Recombinant DNA Technology	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Core IX – Industrial Microbiology	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Core X – Food Microbiology	4	4	3	25	75	100	
PART III	Core lab III - Major practical III	4	7	3	40	60	100	
	Core lab IV - Major practical IV	4	7	3	40	60	100	
	Allied II- Environmental Biology	4	4	3	25	75	100	
	Allied lab II - Biology Practical-II	2	1	3	40	60	100	
PART IV	SBS VI –Enzymology &Enzyme Technology	2	2	3	25	75	100	
IV	Value education	2	2	3	25	75	100	
PART V	Extension activities	0	2	0	100	-	100	

	Core	Semester I	General Microbiology	14UMBC11
Credits-4			Hours -4hr	s/week

Objectives

- To understand the basic concepts in Microbiology.
- To understand the basic structure and features of microbes.

#### Unit I

Introduction - Definition, scope and history of Microbiology. Classification of microorganisms -Difference between the prokaryotic and eukaryotic microorganisms.- general principles and nomenclature - Haeckel's three kingdom concept, Whittaker's five kingdom concept. Microbiology and Human Health - Contributions of Leeuwenhoek, Jenner, Spallanzani, Louis Pasteur, John Needham and Robert Koch.

#### Unit II

Microscopy – simple, compound microscope, light & dark field microscope, electron and phase contrast microscopes - parts, functions and applications- Resolving power, Numerical aperture etc.,

#### Unit III

Prokaryotes - bacteria, archea, actinomycetes, structure and functions of cell and cellular components, slime, capsule, pili, flagella, cell wall, cytoplasmic membrane, mesosomes, ribosome, nucleoid and other cytoplasmic inclusions. Differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.

#### Unit IV

Salient features of Algae, structure and reproduction of Chlamydomonas, Chlorella, Euglena, Diatoms, Dinoflagellates. Salient features of fungal morphology, structures and reproduction; *Rhizopus*, Aspergillus, Penicillium and Saccharomyces,

#### Unit V

Salient features of Bacteria: Bacillus, Clostridium, E. coli, Salmonella, Blue green algae, Streptomycetes and Mycoplasma. Viruses: T4, Lambda, TMV, HIV. Protozoa: Plasmodium.

- 1. Prescott, Harley and Klein. 2006. Microbiology 6/e. The McGraw-Hill Companies.
- 2. Pelczar, M.J., Chan, E.C.S. and Kreig, N.R. 1993. Microbiology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Schlegel, H.G.1993. General Microbiology. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 4. Stainer, R.Y., Ingraham, Wheelis, M.G. and Paintor, P.R.1986. The Microbial World. Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

Skill Based	Semester I	Diagnostic Microbiology	14UMBS11
Cradite 2		Hours Ob	s/waak

Hours -2hrs/week

Objectives

- To introduce laboratory principles and safety methods to the students
- To familiarize the students about clinical diagnosis of diseases.

#### Unit I

Role of Microbiology Lab-safety regulations. Types, collection and handling of specimens. Preparation of serum and plasma.

#### Unit II

Laboratory identification of infectious agents. Staining techniques: simple, Gram, acid-fast and spore staining.

#### Unit III

Diagnosis of mycotic infection- skin infection and parasitic infection-amoebiasis.

#### Unit IV

Microbiological analysis of different types of clinical specimens: urine, stool, pus and throat swab.

#### Unit V

Determination of minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) of antibiotics. Antimicrobial susceptibility tests

#### References:

Mukherjee, KL., 1988, Medical Laboratory Technology Volumes-I to III, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi

Skill	Somester I	Daimy Tachnology	14UMBS12	
Based	Semester I	Dairy Technology	1401010512	

Hours -2hrs/week

Objectives

- To encourage and promote the students in the field of dairy technology for their career.
- To promote and participate the students in every way in the economic development of dairy industry.

#### Unit I

Milk-Physiochemical properties of milk-microbiology of milk-Factors affecting composition of milk-food and nutritive value of milk.

#### Unit II

Special Milk-Homogenized milk, flavoured milk, fermented milk-Flavour defects in milk their causes and prevention.

#### Unit III

Dried Milk-milk drying system-cold treatment, Drum drying system, spray drying system.

#### Unit IV

Cheese –Types-Preparation of Swiss cheese, cheddar cheese-defects in cheese causes and prevention.

#### Unit V

Indian dairy products-Kheer, Khoa, Panir, Ghee- preparation and preservation-quality analysis of dairy products-various agencies in Quality management-FDA,WHO,AGMARK,ISI-HACCP,GMP.

#### Reference

1.Sukumar De., 1997 Outlines of Dairy technology, Oxford university press.

2.William C Frazier et al,Food Microbiology 4<sup>th</sup> edition Tata McGraw-Hill publications.

NME	Semester I	Mushroom Technology	14UMBN11				
Credits-2		Hours -2h	Hours -2hrs/week				

- To create awareness among the students about mushroom cultivation
- To promote the mushroom production in student communities through training, spawn production.

#### Unit I

History of mushrooms- Major genera of edible mushrooms – Structure and key for identification of mushrooms.

#### Unit II

Food values of mushroom - Medicinal values of mushrooms- Economic importance of mushroom.

#### Unit III

Substrate for mushroom production-composting methods-long and short time method-Methods of cultivation of mushrooms-oyster mushroom, paddy straw mushroom.

#### Unit IV

Diseases of mushroom-Fungal diseases- soft mildew, brown plaster mold, white plaster mold, olive green mold, inky cap, truffle disease, bubble disease, brown spot disease - Insect pest of mushroom – sciarids, phorids, spring tails, cecid, mites, nematodes .

#### Unit V

Poisonous mushrooms - Amanita, Boletus, Clitocybe, Coprinus -Identification of Poisonous mushrooms.

#### References

1. Nitabhal, Mushroom Technology, orient longman publications.

2. Pathak V.N ,Nagendra Yadav and Maneesh Gaur,Mushroom production and processing technology /Vedams Ebooks Pvt Ltd,NewDelhi(2000)

	Core	Semester II	Biochemistry	14UMBC21	
Credits-4			Hours -4h	rs/week	

- To create awareness about the importance of Biomolecules.
- To understand the importance of different pathway.

#### Unit I

Water and Life - pH and Buffers. Oxidative and reduction reactions, redox potential, free energy and reaction, ATP energetics.

#### Unit II

Carbohydrates-Classification-Monosaccharides (glucose, fructose), Disaccharides(lactose, sucrose) Polysaccharides (starch, cellulose). Metabolism - Embden-Meyerhof-Parnas, Entner-Doudoroff, Pentose Phosphate pathways - TCA cycle.

#### Unit III

Lipids:Physical and Chemical properties of fatty acids- Nomenclature of fatty acids-Phospholipids- Spingolipids- Lipoproteins, Oxidation of fatty acids (β-Oxidation)

#### Unit IV

Proteins:Structure,Classification, properties of amino acids and proteins. Primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures of proteins.

#### Unit V

Nucleic acids :Components, Double helical structure- Nucleic acid denaturation- Classes of nucleic acids.

- 1. Lehninger, AL., Principles of Biochemistry. 1993, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, CSB Publishers.
- Conn, E.E., Stumpf, P.K, Bruening, G and Doi, Outlines of Biochemistry, 5/e –R.H, John Wiley & Sons (1987)
- 3. Voet, D and Voet, JG, Biochemistry, 1990, John Wiley & Sons, NY.
- 4. Stryer, L., Biochemistry, 2/e, 1998, W.H. Freeman and Company, NY.
- 5. P. Palanivelu, Enzymes, Ribozymes and DNAzymes, 2007, Twentyfirst Century Publications, Palkalai Nagar, Madurai 625 021.

Cradita 2	Semester II	Hours 2h	
SBS	Semester II	Medical Lab Technology	14UMBS21

Hours -2hrs/week

Objectives

- To create awareness about the importance of Hematology
- To understand the importance of Clinical Biochemistry.

Unit I

Anticoagulants. Components of blood and their functions-erythrocytes, leukocytes, lymphocytes, monocytes, and thrombocytes. Preparation of blood collecting containers with anticoagulant.

#### Unit II

Blood collection by venipuncture, Blood collection by capillary puncture, Preparation of serum and plasma. RBC and WBC counts, Study of stained blood smear- differential count.

#### Unit III

Routine haematological tests- determination of haemoglobin concentration, Reticulocyte count-ESR- Eosinophils count- Platelet count. Maintanance of laboratory records.

#### Unit IV

Clinical Biochemistry- Routine biochemical tests-Blood sugar, urea, creatinine and cholesterol.

Unit V

Routine procedures in blood bank-ABO blood grouping and Rh typing-AHG test-compatibility testing or cross-matching.

#### Reference

Mukherjee, KL., 1988, Medical Laboratory Technology Volumes-I to III, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.

SBS	Semester II	Microbial Physiology	14UMBS22			
Credits-2		Hours -2h	Hours -2hrs/week			

- To create awareness among the students about Microbial Physiology.
- To understand the importance of Microbial Metabolism and Bacterial life cycle.

#### Unit I

Generation of Energy – Entropy, generation of ATP – substrate level phosphorylation, oxidative phosphorylation, proton motif force.

#### Unit II

Photosynthesis and inorganic metabolism – Photosynthesis in bacteria. Assimilation of inorganic phosphorus, sulfur and nitrogen in bacteria – sulfate reduction pathway, ammonia assimilation pathway, nitrogenase and nitrogen fixation.

#### Unit III

Transport of sugars and metabolites – active, passive and facilitated transport systems, chemiosmosis, ion gradients. Secretion in bacteria – type of secretion systems.

#### Unit IV

Bacterial cell division and differentiation – Cell wall synthesis and cell division in Bacteria, life cycle of *Bacillus*, stages of endospore formation, germination and outgrowth-Growth curve .

#### Unit V

Morphology and life cycles *-Hyphobacterium* and *Caulobacter*. Gliding bacteria and gliding motility, life cycle of fruiting bacteria – Myxobacteria. Sporulation in fungi.

- 1. Prescott, Harley and Klein. 2006. Microbiology 6/e. The McGraw-Hill Companies.
- 2. Pelczar, M.J., Chan, E.C.S. and Kreig, N.R. 1993. Microbiology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Schlegel, H.G.1993. General Microbiology. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 4. Moat AG, Foster JW and Spector MP, Microbial Physiology, 4/e Wiley-Liss, 2002.

	NME	Semester II	Food and Dairy Microbiology	14UMBN21	
Credits-2			Hours -2h	rs/week	

Objectives

- To create awareness among the students about Food and Dairy Microbiology
- To promote the importance of Food preservation and Spoilage.

#### Unit I

Importance of Food and Dairy Microbiology- Food as substrate for microbial growth- intrinsic and extrinsic factors affecting growth and survival of microorganism in foods .

#### Unit II

Contamination of vegetables, fruits, cereals, milk, egg by microorganisms. Features of food spoilage like fruits, vegetables, milk and milk products.

#### Unit III

Milk sterilization techniques, Phosphatase test- Spoilage of bread and cereals, egg, meat, fish and poultry.

#### Unit IV

Food preservation by removal of microorganisms, low temperature, high temperature, irradiation and chemical methods.

#### Unit V

Food borne infection, food borne intoxications. Detection of food-borne pathogens.

- 1. Adams. MR and Moss, MO. 2005. Food Microbiology, New age International Pvt. Ltd publications.
- 2. Frazier, WC and Westhoff DC. 2003. Food Microbiology, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, McGrawHill, NewYork.
- 3. Hobbs BC and Roberts D 1993. Food Poisoning and Food Hygiene. Edwards Arnold, London.
- 4. Yousef, AE and Carlstrom C. 2003. Food Microbiology-A Laboratory manual, Wiley Interscience.
- 5. Jay JM, 2000. Modern Food Microbiology, Aspen Publishers.
- 6. Robinson, R.K.1990. Dairy Microbiology, Elsevier Applied Science, London.

Core Lab	Semester II	Major Practical – I	14UMBC2P
Credits-2		Hours -2hr	rs/week

- To introduce the basic handling techniques in Microbiology.
- To understand the basics techniques in biochemistry.

#### **Basic Microbiology**

- 1. Parts, working principle and applications of compound microscope
- 2. Sterilization methods: moist heat, dry heat, filtration, disinfectants
- 3. Isolation of bacteria and fungi from environmental samples
- 4. Measurement of bacterial size by micrometry method
- 5. Pure culture techniques: streak, spread and pour plate methods
- 6. Observation of bacterial motility by hanging drop method
- 7. Staining methods: Gram-staining, endospore-staining

Biochemical tests for bacterial identification

- 1. Carbohydrate fermentation
- 2. IMVIC tests
- 3. Catalase test
- 4. Oxidase test
- 5. Starch and protein hydrolysis.

#### Biochemistry

- 1. pH meter- principle and measurements
- 2. Estimation of Carbohydrates
- 3. Estimation of Proteins (Lowry's method)
- 4. Separation of amino acids by Paper chromatography

- 1. P.Gunasekaran, Microbiology: A Laboratory manual, New Age international publishers, 1996.
- 2. N.Kannan, A Laboratory manual in general microbiology, Panima publishers, 2002.
- 3. P.Palanivelu, Analytical Biochemistry & Separation Techniques, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition 21<sup>st</sup> century publications ,Palkalai nagar, Madurai.
- 4. J.Jayaraman, Laboratory manual in Biochemistry, 5/e, New age international publishers, 1996.

Core	Semester III	Molecular Biology & Microbial Genetics	14UMBC31
Credits-4		Hours -4h	s/week

- To make the students understand the central dogma of life.
- To familiarize the basic concepts of Molecular Biology & Microbial Genetics.

#### Unit I

Structural aspects of DNA and RNA - double helical model- various forms of DNA- tRNA-rRNA-Genome organization - Eukaryotes.

#### Unit II

Replication- Semi conservative mode of replication- Enzymology of Replication- The processes of DNA replication-Eukaryotic replication

#### Unit III

Transcription - prokaryotes and Eukaryotes - Enzymology of Transcription- process of transcription in prokaryotes and Eukaryotes - initiation and elongation and termination- factors involved.

#### Unit IV

Translation- Translation in prokaryotes - Enzymology of Translation- process of translation in prokaryotes - initiation and elongation and termination- factors involved. The triplet nature of genetic codon

#### Unit V

Transformation –Griffith experiment-conjugation ( $F^+ x F^-$ ,  $Hfr^+ x F^-$ ) Transduction –generalized and specialized.

- 1. Benjamin Lewin, Gene VII, 2000: Oxford University Press.
- 2. Watson, Hopkins, Roserts, Steits and Weiner, Molecular biology of the Gene,4/e, 1987, The Benjamin/Cumming Publishing Company, Inc.
- 3. Larry Snyder and Wendy Champness, Molecular Genetics of Bacteria,2/e, , 2003. ASM press, Washington DC.
- 4. David Friefelder, Molecular Biology, 1987, Narosa Publishing House.

Allied II	Semester III	General biology	14UMBA31
Credits-4		Hours -4	nrs/week

Objectives

- To introduce about the classification and physiology of plants.
- To understand the physiology of human system.

#### Unit –I

Basis of classification-units of classification-Species, Genus, Family-Nomenclature-Binomial system.Bentham and hooker system of classification of plants.

#### Unit-II

Morphology, structure and reproduction of plants. Algae-General characters and classificationsargassum as an example.Fungi- General characters and classification-Yeast as an example.Bryophytes-General characters and classification-Funaria as an example.

## Unit III

Pteridophytes-selaginella, heterospory and seed habit. Gymnosperm-Pinus-economic uses of gymnosperm.Angiosperm-Monocot flower-Allium sp,Dicot flower-Tribulus terrestris.

#### Unit IV

Human physiology-Structure and function of Digestive system-Respiratory system-circulatory system-Blood and their properties-Excretory system.

## Unit V

Muscular system-Nervous system-Endocrine glands-Reproductive system- Hormones-menstrual cycle.

#### References:

1.A.C Dutta, Botany for Degree students, Oxford university press.

2.W.T.tailor and R.J.Wehe-General Biology, East West press pvt ltd.

3.E.L.Jordan and verma.Invertebrate Zollogy,S.Chandra &Co,New Delhi.

4. E.L.Jordan and verma.Chordate Zollogy,S.Chandra &Co,New Delhi.

Core	Semester IV	Immunology	14UMBC41	
Credits-4		Hours -4h	rs/week	

Hours -4hrs/week

Objectives

- To understand the structure and functions of immune system.
- To promote the knowledge of Auto immune diseases.

#### Unit I

Elements of Immunity: Overview of the Immune system- Basic concepts in immunology (History), principles of innate and acquired immunity - Cells and organs of the immune system.

#### Unit II

Antibody structure: Classification and characterization, agglutination, complement system, immune tolerance, Classes of antigens and their characteristics.

#### Unit III

Humoral and cell mediated immune response: B-cell maturation. Activation and differentiation, Major Histocompatibility complex (MHC) - antigen processing and presentation T and B cell maturation, activation and differentiation.

#### Unit IV

Hypersensitivity-Type I,II,III,and IV reactions. Different types of auto immunity, T,B cell, Phagocyte and NK cell associated diseases.

#### Unit V

Transplantation immunology: Basics of graft rejection, Tissue typing, Clinical transplantation, Tumor antigen, Immune response to tumor.

- 1. Roitt, I.M., Essential of immunology, 1998., ELBS, Blackwell scientific publication.
- 2. Kuby, J., Immunology, 3/e, 1997. W.H.Freeman and company, NY.
- 3. Travers. J., Immunobiology, The immune system in health and disease-3/e 1997 Garland publishers, NY.
- 4. Ananthanarayanan R. & Jayaram Panicker, C.K. Textbook of Microbiology, Orient Longman, 2005.

Core Lab	Semester IV	Major Practical-II	14UMBC4P	
Credits-2		Hours -2h	rs/week	

- To familiarize the students in molecular biological techniques.
- To understand the basics techniques in immunology.
- 1. Isolation of DNA from *E.coli*.
- 2. Separation of DNA by Agarose gel electrophoresis.
- 3. Separation of Proteins by SDS-PAGE.
- 4. Separation of serum/plasma.
- 5. Blood cell count: RBC count, WBC count total and differential
- 6. Blood typing: ABO, Rh.
- 7. Agglutination tests: Widal test.
- 8. Precipitation: Ouchterlony's double immune diffusion.
- 9. Immuno electrophoresis

Allied Semester IV Cell biology 14UMBA41	I	Semester IV	Cell biology	14UMBA41	
	тт	Semester IV	Cell biology	14UMBA41	

- To introduce about the basic structure of cell.
- To understand the mechanism of various cell regulation.

#### Unit-I

Cell structure-Pokaryotic and eukaryotic-Plant and Animal cell-Plasmamembrane-chemistry and ultra structure-Fluid mosaic model-Protoplasm-chemistry and organization-microtubles and microfilaments

#### Unit-II

Cytoplasmic organells in Eukaryotes -ER, Golgicomplex ,lysosomes,Mitochondria, Chloroplast ,Ribosomes,mesosomes

#### Unit-III

Nucleus-structure and functions, chromatin-Eu and Hetero chromatin, chemistry-chromosome-kinds-functions, nucleolus-structure-functions-mechanism of photosynthesis and generation of ATP.

#### Unit-IV

Cell cycle-mitosis and meiosis-interphase and division phase-Cell growth-normal and cancerous.

#### Unit-V

Microscopy-Types-Light-Electron and Phase contrast microscope structure and function.

#### References:

1.Albert,bray,D.Lewis,J.raff,M.Roberts.K and Watson,J.D-Molecular biology of the cell,Newyork,garland 1983

2.De Roberties E.D.P., F.A Saez and De Roberties E.M.F-cell biology, 1990.

3.K.V.Krishnamoorthy-methods in plant histochemistry, s.viswanathan publications 1988.

4.P.S.Verma and V.K.Agarwal.Text book of cytology.S.Chand&Co.,New delhi 1995.

5.P.S.verma and V.K.Agarwal.Text book of Cellbiology,Genetics,Evolution and Ecology.S.chand&Co., NewDelhi.

Allied Lab	Semester IV	Ancillary Biology Practical	14UMBA4P
Credits-1		Hours -2h	rs/week

- To introduce about the basic structure of cell.
- To understand the mechanism of various cell regulation.

#### Botany

1.vegetative structure and reproductive structure in sargassum, yeast, funaria, seleginella and pinus (section cutting of sargassum and seleginella, pinus stem and needles)

2.structure of monocot flower-Alliumcepa

3.structure of Dicot flower-Tribulus terrestris

Zoology

1. Cockroach-external and digestive system, reproductive system and nervous system.

2. Frog-External, digestive system, urogenital system and brain (spotters oniy).

3. Morphology of the representative for each phyllum spotters only- Amoeba, Euglena, parameccium,

Hydra, Planaria, Liverfluke, Tania, Ascaris, earthworm, Prawn, Pila, Starfish, Shark, Mugil, pigeon, rat.

4. Blood cells of man and blood vessels.

5. Study of mitosis by smear technique of Allium cepa root.

6. Demonstration of Histochemical staining methods.

7. Determination of blood groups & Rh factors.

8. Determination of haemoglobulin.

9. Blood cell counts.

Core	Semester V	Medical Microbiology	14UMBC51
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Hours -4hrs/week

Objectives

- To create awareness about the infectious diseases.
- To familiarize the various methods of diagnosis and treatment.

#### Unit I

The History of Infectious Diseases: Human – microbe interactions – epidemiology of infectious diseases – mechanism of pathogenesis-Host-defense mechanisms.

#### Unit II

Diagnosis and control of microbial diseases – Collection and identification of pathogens from the specimen of Urine, sputum and throat swab. -Antimicrobial chemotherapy and susceptibility testing. Mechanism of action of  $\beta$ -lactams (penicillin & cephalosporin) - drugs affecting protein synthesis (Tetrocycline and amino glycoside) and Sulfa drugs – Mode of action of antiviral and antifungal drugs.

#### Unit III

Bacterial diseases: Transmission, diagnosis, clinical symptoms and treatment for bacterial diseases- plague, tuberculosis, cholera, typhoid, and Staphylococcal diseases.

#### Unit IV

Viral diseases: Epidemiology, prophylaxis, clinical symptoms and treatment for human viral diseases. rabies, viral hepatitis, poliomyelitis, AIDS.

#### Unit V

Fungal and protozoan diseases: Cutaneous mycoses, systemic mycoses, opportunistic mycoses. Life cycle, diagnosis and treatment of following protozoan diseases – amoebiasis, malaria,

- 1. Jawetz, E. Melnic, JL, & Adelberg, EA. Medical microbiology 22/e McGraw Hill Companies, 2004.
- 2. Mims, C. Playfair, J Roitt, I, Wakelin, D. & Williams, R. Medical Microbiology, 3/e Mosby publications, 2004.
- 3. Prescott, Harley and Klein, Microbiology, 6/e The McGraw-Hill Companies, 2008.
- 4. Ananthanarayanan R. & Jayaram Panicker, C.K. Textbook of Microbiology, Orient Longman, 2005.

Core	Semester V	Agriculture & Environmental Microbiology		14UMBC52
Credits-4		Hou	rs -4h	rs/week

- To understand the role of microbes in agriculture and environment.
- To create awareness about biofertilizers and disease management.

#### Unit I

Soil microbes: Bacteria, Fungi and Actinomycetes (distribution) – Microbial interaction: mutualism, amensalism and commensalisms - Soil enzymes – Plant microbial interactions-  $N_2$  fixation, symbiotic and free living- phosphate solubilization– Mycorrhizal association; ecto and endomycorrhizae, actinorrhizae

#### Unit II

Plant microbe interactions - pathogenesis, mechanism of pathogen establishment and symptoms. Plant diseases caused by Bacteria, *Xanthomonas, Mycoplasma*, Fungi, *Pyricularia, Fusarium* and Viruses, TMV, CMV.

## Unit III

Disease control- Fungicides, Pesticides, Biological control mechanisms - Production of bioinsecticides, bacterial and viral.

#### **Unit IV**

Biofertilizers: production and methods of application – Biopesticides: bacterial, fungal and viral – Microbial nematicides and microbial herbicides – Biotechnology in Agriculture: Bt. cotton and herbicide tolerant plants. PGPR, Mycorrhizae and role of microrhizae in agriculture.

#### Unit V

Role of microorganisms in biogeochemical cycles (N, P and C cycles) – Biodegradation of xenobiotics (chlorinated pesticides) – MEOR - bioleaching of metals – microbes in waste treatment: solid waste (sanitary land fill and composting) and liquid waste – sewage treatment – BOD – pollution indicating microbes.

- 1. Rangasami G and Bagyaraj DJ. 1993. Agricultural Microbiology 2/e Prentice- Hall publications.
- 2. Ronald Atlas, Bartha, Richard, 1987. Microbial ecology 2/e Benjamin-Cummings publications.
- 3. Prescott, Harley and Klein, 2006. Microbiology. The McGraw Hill companies.
- 4. Madigan, M.T., Martinko, J.M. and Parker, J., 1997, Brock Biology of Microorganisms 8/e. Prentice-Hall Inc.

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Core	Semester V	Bioinformatics	140	UMBC53	

Hours -4hrs/week

Objectives

- To promote the basics of computer.
- To understand the applications of computer in life science.

#### Unit I

Components of computers input/output devices, Storage devices, Graphic devices, Operations system- MS DOS & WINDOWS - Networks-HTTP, HTML, Internet .

#### Unit II

Use of commercial software: Wordstar, Windows, Power Point, MS Excel, Print artist.

#### Unit III

Biological databases- DNA databases-EMBL,DDBJ and protein databases –PIR,SWISS PROT. Collection and downloading information from databases –SRS.

#### Unit IV

DNA sequencing methods-Maxum gilbert and sanger coulsan methods.Pattern,motifs and profiles.

#### Unit V

Sequence alignment –Pairwise and multiple sequence alignment, FASTA, BLAST and CLUSTAL. Phylogenetic analysis.

- 1. Christopher J Rawlings, Software Directory for molecular Biologists Stockton Press, Mac Millan Publishers, 1986.
- 2. A directory DBT, Data basis in life sciences and Biotechnology: Govt. of India, March 1995.
- 3. R.M.Kamp, T. Choli-Papadaopoulu B. Witman Liebold., Protein Structure Analysis Springer Lab Manual.
- 4. T.N. Bryant, JWT Wimpenny, Computer in microbiology- a practical approach. IRL, Press, 1989.
- 5. By Zar, Bio-Statistics Analyses. Second Edition. Prentice Hall International Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.

SBS	Semester V	Bio chemical Techniques	14UMB
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Objectives

- To introduce the basic principles and applications of various techniques.
- To understand the working mechanisms of the instruments.

#### Unit-I

Chromatography-Column, Paper, TLC, Adsorption, Partition, and gel filteration.

#### Unit II

Advanced biochemical Techniques-GC, HPLC, Ion exchange and Dialysis.

## Unit-III

Electrophoresis-Principle and application of different types of electrophoresis-Agarose, SDS-PAGE.

## Unit IV

Centrifugation-Principle and application-Types of centrifugation.

#### Unit-V

Principles and applications of PCR, Spectrophotometry-Simple and UV.

## Reference.

1.Palanivelu.P,Analytical Biochemistry and separation Techniques,21<sup>st</sup> century publications, Palkalai nagar,Madurai.

2. Practical Biochemistry-Willson&Wilson.

Allied II	Semester V	Genetics and Biostatistics	14UMBA51
Credits-4		Hou	rs -4hrs/week

- To introduce the importance of statistics in life science.
- To understand the basics of mendel genetics.

#### Unit-I

Mendelian Genetics-Mendel's works, experiments, observations and results-mendel's laws-terms-Back cross, Test cross-complete and incomplete dominance-co dominance

## Unit-II

Allelic interaction-Multiple Alleles-blood group inheritance-Rh factor-Multiple gene inheritance-genes and chromosomes-crossing over and linkage.

#### Unit-III

Biostatistics-Introduction-Data collection-Types of data –primary, secondary and tertiary datasampling and sampling designs-random and non random sampling. Unit-IV

Representation of data-Diagramatic-simple bar diagram,Pie diagram-graphical representation-Histogram,frequency curve,cumalative frequency curve-Measures of central tendency-Explanation-Types of average-Arithmetic mean-median-Mode-Continuous series-discrete series.

## Unit –V

Measures of dispersion-Explanation-Types-range-Mean deviation-Standard deviation-Variencecorrelation and regression.

#### References

1. Principles of Genetics-edmund. W. Sinnot, Dunn, L.C

2.Molecular Biology-David Frifielder.

3.An introduction to Biostatistics.2005.N.Gurumani

4. Statistics. Pillai. R.S.N and bhagavathi 2003

	Core	Semester VI	Recombinant DNA Technology	14UMBC61		
Credits-4			Hours -4hr	Hours -4hrs/week		

Objectives

- To understand about the basics of gene cloning.
- To promote the applications of gene cloning in various fields.

## Unit I

General Strategies of cloning -Gene cloning enzymes Restriction enzymes and types,DNA ligase, Taq polymerase, Klenow, Terminal nucleotide transferase, Alkaline phosphatase, linkers and adopters.

## Unit II

Vectors- Plasmids- constructed plasmids, pBR322, pUC18 - Lambda phage derived vectors, cosmids and their applications. BAC and YAC as vectors.

## Unit III

Methods of gene transfer -Transformation, Transduction, Transfection, microprojectile bombardment, Southern and Northern blotting techniques.

## Unit IV

Transgenic animals, transgenic mice and sheep. - Agrobacterium mediated gene transfer mechanism - Markers and Reporter genes and their applications - Transgenic plants - insecticide resistance, herbicide and drought tolerance. Production of Insulin- Growth hormone (STH)- Interferons, etc.

## Unit V

Intellectual property rights, patent, forms of patents, process of patenting, Indian and international agencies involved in patenting, patenting biological materials.

- Brown, T.A., Genetics A Molecular Approach, Chapman Hall, London, 2004. 1.
- 2. Darnell, J. Lodish, H., and Baltimore, D., Molecular Cell Biology, Scientific American Books Inc., Iowa. 2006
- 3. Glick, B.R. and Pasternak, J.J., 2006, Molecular Biotechnology- Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA technology, ASM press, Washington.

CoreSemester VIIndustrial Microbiology14UMBC62

Objectives

- To encourage and promote the students in the field of Industrial Microbiology.
- To promote the applications of microbes in various industries.

#### Unit I

Fermentor-Basic design, parts and function. Types of fermentor-Batch, CSTF, Tower fermentor and packed bed bioreactor. Computer applications in fermentation technology.

#### Unit II

Screening of industrially important microbes-Primary and screening techniques. Strain development, preservation-mineral oil and lyophilizationl. Inoculum preparation, Inoculum build-up.

#### Unit III

Ideal production medium-raw materials-Carbon sources-molasses, cheese whey, sulfate waste liquor, Lipid source-hydrocarbons and vegetable oils-Nitrogen sources-corn steep liquor, soya bean meal.

#### Unit IV

Fermentation-Types: aerobic fermentation(Penicillin,Vitamin B12), anaerobic (Ethanol) and solid state(Gibberellic acid). biological assays.

#### Unit V

Detection and assay of fermentation products- physio chemical and biological assays. Biosafety levels, guidelines and regulations.

- 1. Crueger, W. and A. Crueger (2000), Biotechnology, A Text book of Industrial Microbiology, Panima Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Nandari, H., (2005), Industrial Biotechnology, Dominant Publications and Distributors, New Delhi.
- 3. Stanbury, O.F., Whitakar, A., and Hall, S.J., (1997), Principles of Fermentation Technology, Aditya Books (P) Ltd., New Delhi
- 4. Patel, A.H , Industrial Microbiology, The Tata McGraw-Hill Companies, 2008.

## Objectives

- To encourage and promote the students in the field of Food Microbiology.
- To promote the applications of microbes in various Food industries.

## Unit I

Importance of Food Microbiology- Food as substrate for microbial growth- intrinsic and extrinsic factors affecting growth and survival of microorganism in foods - Microorganisms present in the vegetables, fruits, cereals, milk, egg, etc.

## Unit II

Features of food spoilage like fruits, vegetables, milk and milk products - Milk sterilization techniques, Phosphatase test- Spoilage of bread and cereals, egg, meat, fish and poultry.

## Unit III

Food preservation by removal of microorganisms, low temperature, high temperature, irradiation and chemical methods. Preservation of different kinds of foods meat, vegetables, cereals, poultry and its products.

## Unit IV

Food borne infection, food borne intoxications. Detection of food-borne pathogens.

## Unit V

Fermented foods-production and preservation-pickles, sauerkraut, idli, wine, beer, bread, cheese etc.

- 1. Adams. MR and Moss, MO. 2005. Food Microbiology, New age International Pvt. Ltd publications.
- 2. Frazier, WC and Westhoff DC. 2003. Food Microbiology, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, McGrawHill, NewYork.
- 3. Hobbs BC and Roberts D 1993. Food Poisoning and Food Hygiene. Edwards Arnold, London.
- 4. Yousef, AE and Carlstrom C. 2003. Food Microbiology-A Laboratory manual, Wiley Interscience.
- 5. Jay JM, 2000. Modern Food Microbiology, Aspen Publishers.
- 6. Robinson, R.K.1990. Dairy Microbiology, Elsevier Applied Science, London.

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SBS	Semester VI	Enzymology & Enzyme Technology	14UMBS61

Objectives

- To introduce about the Enzymes and co factors.
- To understand the application of enzymes in various fields.

## Unit- I

Nomenclature and Classification of enzymes (with examples)-General properties of enzymes (Optimum pH, Optimum Temp & Substrate Concentration).

## Unit II

Steady state kinetics and derivation of Michaelis-Menten, Linweaver-Burk, equations and their plots-Activation energy-Enzyme specificity

## Unit- III

Extraction of enzymes-Purification of enzymes-Enzyme inhibitors.

## Unit- IV

Mechanism of enzyme catalysis- Coenzymes-NAD, FAD- Metal ions in enzyme catalysis.

#### UnitV

Application of enzymes (Clinical & Industrial)-Immobilization of enzymes.

#### References

1.Palanivelu.P ,Enzymes, Ribozymes and DNAzymes.,21<sup>st</sup> century publications, Palkalai nagar,Madurai.

2.T.Palmer, Enzymes-Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Clinical chemistry-EastWest press, NewDelhi.

3.Conn,E.E.,Stumpf,P.K,Bruening,G and Doi,R.H,john Wiley & Sons.Outlines of Biochemistry.

	Core Lab	Semester VI	Major Practical III	14UMBC6P1	
Credits-7			Hours -4	Hours -4hrs/week	

- To skill the students towards clinical microbiological techniques.
- To understand about the various testing of environmental samples.

#### **Medical Microbiology**

- 1. Antibiotic susceptibility test: disc diffusion method
- 2. Measurement of minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) and minimal lethal concentration (MLC)
  - 3. Isolation and identification of *Staphylococcus, Streptococcus*.
  - 4. Collection and processing of medical samples

#### **Agriculture & Environmental Microbiology**

- 1. Isolation and characterization of soil microbes
- 2. Serial dilution method for enumeration of soil bacteria
- 3. Identification of microbial pathogen in paddy and vegetable crops (field study).
- 4. Isolation of symbiotic nitrogen fixing bacteria from root nodules Rhizobium
- 5. Isolation of free-living nitrogen fixing bacteria from rhizosphere Azotobacter
- 6. Isolation of phosphate solubilizing bacteria Pseudomonas
- 7. Examination of mycorrhizae VAM
- 8. Potability testing of water (MPN test)

Core Lab Semester VI	Major Practical IV	14UMBC6P2
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Hours -4hrs/week

Objectives

- To skill the students towards Advanced microbiological techniques.
- To motivate the students in the field of industry oriented career.

## **Recombinant DNA TECHNOLOGY**

- 1. Isolation of chromosomal DNA from microbial cells.
- 2. Separation of DNA by agarose gel electrophoresis
- 3. Determination of purity and quantification of DNA
- 4. Isolation and purification of a plasmid DNA
- 5. Restriction Digestion Analysis
- 6. Ligation
- 7. Transformation of *E. coli* using plasmid (pUC18/19)
- 8. Blue-white Selection of transformants

#### **Industrial Microbiology**

- 1. Isolation of amylase and protease producing bacteria and fungi
- 2. Crowded plate technique for antibiotics producing microbes
- 3. Alcohol (ethanol) production
- 4. Immobilization of yeast

#### **Food Microbiology**

- 1. Enumeration of microbial population in food smples meat, pickles, icecream, fruit juices
- 2. Milk quality test-MBRT

Allied II	Semester VI	Environmental Biology	14UMBA61	
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Hours -4hrs/week

## Objectives

- To introduce the importance of Environment in life.
- To understand the basics of ecosystem.

## Unit-I

Environmental biology and its relevance to human civilization- environmental factors-Physical, chemical and biological –and their influence in living system-population explosion and its consequences-Deforestation and its consequences.

## Unit-II

Ecosystem and flow energy and nutrients-Concept of ecosystem, biosphere and types of ecosystem-biotic and abiotic factors-primary and secondary productivity-food chain and foofd web-ecological pyramids-biogeo chemical cycles.

## Unit-III

Resource and conservation-Natural resources-aquatic and terrsestrial resources-renewable and non renewable energy (introduction)-Aquatic resources-sewage treatment-fish culture and management-Terrestrial resources-Agriculture-soil fertility and nitrogen fixation-biofertilizers.

## Unit-IV

Environmental pollution and management-Types of pollution-Air, Water, Soil and Noisesources, effect and control measures-environmental pollution management and environmental education.

## Unit-V

Population biology-Population parameters and their estimation-life table-reproductive effortevolution of demographic traits-population growth models-species interaction and competitionpopulation-regulation-density dependent and independent.

## **References:**

1. Dasmann, R., environmental Conservation-II Ed.

2.J.Kormondy,Concepts of Ecology-II Ed.

3.Odum, E.P. Fundamentals of Ecology-1980.

4.Ehrlich, P.R., J.P.Holdreh and R.W.Kolm, Man and Ecosphere, 1989.

5. Verma.P.S and V.K Agarwal., environmental Biology, S.Chand&Co., NewDelhi, 1995.

	Allied Lab	Semester IV	Ancillary Biology Practical	14UMBA6P		
Credits-1			Hours -2h	Hours -2hrs/week		

- To introduce about the basic of genetics.
- To understand about the testing of various environmental sample.
- 1.Survey of mendelian traits in man.
- 2.Law of probability.
- 3.Determination of blood groups & Rh factors .
- 4.Determination of haemoglobulin.

5.blood cell counts.

6.Estimation of dissolved Oxygen in different water samples.

7. Estimation of salinity in different water samples.

8. Estimation of alkalinity in different water samples.

9.Soil testing for pH, alkalinity, nitrate and phosphates.

10. Problems in Measures of centrel tendencies-Mean, median and Mode.

11.Problems in Measures of dispersion-Standard deviation.