HAJEE KARUTHA ROWTHER HOWDIA COLLEGE

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University, Madurai.)

(Re-Accredited at "A" Grade, by NAAC, Banglore)

UTHAMAPALAYAM - 625533.



DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY BACHELOR OF ARTS - HISTORY SYLLABUS

(Effect from the Academic Year 2014 – 2015 Onwards)

HAJEE KARUTHA ROWTHER HOWDIA COLLEGE, UTHAMAPALAYAM

I SEMESTER

Code	STUDY COMPONENTS	Credits	Hours	Internal marks	External Marks	Total marks
	TAMIL /OTHER LANGUAGES	3	6	25	75	100
	ENGLISH	3	6	25	75	100
14UHIC11/ 14UHVC11	CORE SUBJECT - I HISTORY OF INDIA UP TO 1206 AD.	4	5	25	75	100
14UHIC12/ 14UHVC12	CORE SUBJECT - II HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU UP TO 1565A.D.	4	5	25	75	100
14UHIA11/ 14UHVA11	ALLIED SUBJECT - I MODERN GOVERNMENTS / PRINCIPLES OF TOURISM	5	6	25	75	100
14UHIN11	NON MAJOR ELECTIVE - I FREEDOM MOVEMENT IN INDIA 1885-1947A.D.		2	25	75	100
	Total	21	30	150	450	600

II SEMESTER

Code	STUDY COMPONENTS	Credits	Hours	Internal marks	External marks	Total Marks
	TAMIL / OTHER LANGUAGES	3	6	25	75	100
	ENGLISH	3	6	25	75	100
14UHIC21/ 14UHVC21	CORE SUBJECT -III HISTORY OF INDIA (1206- 1707 A.D)	4	5	25	75	100
14UHIC22/ 14UHVC22	CORE SUBJECT -IV HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU (1565 – 1967 A.D)	4	5	25	75	100
14UHIA21/ 14UHVA21	ALLIED SUBJECT –II MODERN GOVERNMENTS II / TOURISM PRODUCT	5	6	25	75	100
14UHIN21	NME –II CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	2	2	25	75	100
	TOTAL	21	30	150	450	600

III SEMESTER

Subject code	SUBJECTS	Credits	Hours	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
	TAMIL / OTHER LANGUAGES	3	6	25	75	100
	ENGLISH	3	6	25	75	100
14UHIC31/ 14UHVC31	CORE -V HISTORY OF INDIA (1707 – 1885 A.D)	4	6	25	75	100
14UHIC32/ 14UHVC32	CORE-VI HISTORY OF EUROPE (476 – 1453 A.D)	4	4	25	75	100
14UHIA31/ 14UHVA31	ALLIED – III PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS – I / TOURISM MARKETING	5	6	25	75	100
14UHIS31/ 14UHVS31	I SRS-I PANCHAVAV RAI		2	25	75	100
	Total	21	30	150	450	600

$\underline{IV-Semester}$

CODE	SUBJECTS	Credits	Hours	Internal	External	Total
				marks	marks	marks
	TAMIL / OTHER LANGUAGES	3	6	25	75	100
	ENGLISH	3	6	25	75	100
14UHIC41/ 14UHVC41	CORE –VII NATIONAL MOVEMENT IN INDIA (1885-1947A.D)	4	5	25	75	100
14UHIC42/ 14UHVC42	CORE -VIII HISTORY OF EUROPE (1453 – 1789 A.D)	4	5	25	75	100
14UHIA41/ 14UHVA41	ALLIED – IV PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS - II /TOURISM & TRAVEL MANAGEMENT IN INDIA	5	6	25	75	100
14UHIS41/ 14UHVS41	SBS-II HUMAN RIGHTS	2	2	25	75	100
	Total	21	30	150	450	600

V-Semester

Code	Subjects	Credits	Hours	Internal marks	External marks	Total marks
14UHIC51/ 14UHVC51	Core –IX History of Europe (1789-1914 A.D)	5	5	25	75	100
14UHIC52/ 14UHVC52	Core –X History of the Arabs (570 – 1258A.D)	4	5	25	75	100
14UHIC53/ 14UHVC53	Core –XI Elements of Historiography	5	5	25	75	100
14UHIC54/ 14UHVC54	Core XII Constitutional History of India (1773-1950 A.D)	5	5	25	75	100
14UHIE51/ 14UHVE51	Elective – I History of the USA 1865-1945 A.D\ Information, Communication and Automation	5	6	25	75	100
14UHIS51/ 14UHVS51	SBS – III Archives Keeping	2	2	25	75	100
14UEVS51	Environmental Studies	2	2	25	75	100
	Total	28	30	175	525	700

VI – Semester

Code	Subjects	Credits	Hours	Internal marks	External marks	Total marks
14UHIC61/ 14UHVC61	Core – XIII India Since Independence	4	6	25	75	100
14UHIC62/ 14UHVC62	Core –XIV History for Competitive Examinations	4	5	25	75	100
14UHIE61/ 14UHVE61	Elective - II History of Science and Technology since 1453	5	5	25	75	100
14UHIE62/ 14UHVE62	Elective – III International Relations (1914-2000 A.D) / Tourism Project	5	6	25	75	100
14UVED61	Value Education	2	2	25	75	100
14UHIS61/ 14UHVS61	SBS - IV Islamic Architecture	2	2	25	75	100
14UHIS62/ 14UHVS62	SBS- V Fundamentals of Computers	2	2	25	75	100
14UHIS63/ 14UHVS63	SBS - VI Journalism	2	2	25	75	100
	Extension Activities	1		25	75	100
	Total	27	30	225	675	900

<u>SEMESTER – I</u>

CORE-I .HISTORY OF INDIA UPTO 1206 A.D., SUBJECT CODE: 14UHIC11/14UHVC11 HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 4

Objectives:

- 1. To make the students to understand the political history of Ancient India.
- 2. To give basic facts relating to socio economic and religious history of Ancient India.

UNIT - I:

Geographical features – Sources of History – Literary – Archaeological – Numismatics – Foreign Sources – Indus-Valley Civilisation – Salient features – Vedic Civilisation – Political, Economic, Social and Religious life.

<u>UNIT – II:</u>

Condition of North India during 6th Century B.C. – Causes for the rise of new religions – Buddhism – Principles – Legacy of Buddhism – Mahavira – Principles of Jainism – Contribution of Jainism , - Rise of Magadha – Persian and Macedonian invasions – effects.

<u>UNIT – III</u>:

The Mauryan Dynasty – Sources – Chandra Gupta Maurya – Asoka – Kalinga War – Edicts of Asoka – His contribution to Buddhism – Mauryan Administration – causes for the downfall of Mauryan empire – Kanishka – Contribution to Buddhism – Gandhara art.

UNIT - IV:

The Gupta Dynasty – Sources – Chandra Gupta I – Samudra Gupta – Chandra Gupta II – Kumara Gupta – Skanda Gupta – achievements – Golden age of Guptas – Administration – causes for the downfall – Huns invasion – effects.

UNIT - V:

Vardhana Kingdom – Sources – Harsha Vardhana – Political, Social and economic life – Religion – Hiuen-Tsang and Itsing. The Arab conquest of Sind – Causes and effects. Mahmud of Ghazni achievements of Mahmud of Ghazni – Theories on the origin of Rajputs – achievements - Muhammad of Ghor – invasions – First and Second battles of Tarain – importance.

Maps:

- 1. Indus-Valley sites 2. Asoka's Edicts
- 3. Gupta Empire 4. Harsha's Kingdom

Books for Study:

Sathianathaier,R. – History of India, Vol.I.
 Mahajan,V.D. – History of Ancient India

3. Majumdar,R.C. & others – Advanced History of India

4. Romila Thapar – History of India

Tripathi,R. – History of Ancient India
 Luniya,B.N. – Evolution of Indian Culture.

7. Sir Wolseley Haig (Ed). — Cambridge History of India, Vol. III.

8. Vincent A. Smith — The Oxford History of India

SEMESTER – I

CORE-II .HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU UPTO 1565 A.D.:

HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 4

SUBJECT CODE: 14UHIC12/14UHVC12

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To enable the students to know the maritime trade and commerce of the early Tamils.
- 2. To know the various dynasties which ruled over different parts of Tamil Nadu.
- 3. To enable the students to face the TNPSC and other competitive examinations.

UNIT – I

The Sangam sources: Archaeological , Epigraphical, literary , Numismatics and Foreign Accounts – Age and rulers – Karikala , Senguttuven Pandiyan Nedunchelian -various theories regarding the period of Sangam age – Sangam literature – social, Political , Cultural and economic conditions during Sangam age- Later Sangam age- Kalabhra interregnum.

UNIT - II

The first Pandiyan Empire – causes of its decline – Age of the Pallavas: SimhaVishnu , Mehendravarman , Narasimhavarman I, Rajasimha and others- contribution of Pallavas to Art and Architecture – Relations of Pallavas with Chalukyas, Rastrakutas, Pandiyas and Cholascondtion of Tamil Nadu between 6^{th} and 9^{th} centuries AD – Bakthi movement.

UNIT – III

The Age of ImperalCholas: Vijayalaya, Parantaka, Raja Raja I, Rajendra I – Chola Administration - social, Cultural, economic and religious conditions of the Cholaperiod – contribution to art, Architecture and literature

UNIT – IV

Second Pandiyan Empire – Sundara pandiya – Kulasekarapandya – Malik- kafur – Muslim invasion in Tamil country – its impact – Madurai Sultanate- Society and Government under the Sultans of Madurai.

UNIT - V

Emergence of Vijayanagar Empire and after - invasion of Kumara Kampana - the Nayaks of Madurai- Viswanatha, Thirumalai Nayak, Chokkanatha Nayak. Decline of Madurai Nayakdom - Poligari system - Administration of the Nayaks.

- 1. Pillai,K.K. The Social History of Tamils.
- 2. Rajayyan,K. Tamil Nadu- a real History.
- 3. Subramanyan,N. History of Tamil nadu.

<u>SEMESTER – I</u>

ALLIED-I .MODERN GOVERNMENTS – I

HOURS; 6 CREDITS: 5
SUBJECT CODE: 14UHIA11

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To enable the students to understand the existing system of Governments in various nations in and around the world.
- 2. To mould them to live in accordance with the laws of the land.
- 3. To prepare them suitable to the future governance.

UNIT - I

Constitution – Definition of constitutions – forms of governments – Parliamentary form–Presidential form – Quasi -Presidential governments – Unitary, Federal, Quasi- Federal – Theory of Separation of Powers – Legislature – Executive and Judiciary.

UNIT - II

Basic Concepts – Legislature – Bicameral and UniCameral – Judicial Review – Rule of Law – Administrative Law – Party System – Single, Bi,and Multi Party systems – pressure groups – Lobbying.

UNIT – III

United Kingdom – Salient Features of the English Constitution – the Queen, the Prime Minister, Cabinet, Parliament, House of Commons and House of Lords – Law Making – Committee system – Cabinet Dictatorship – Party System and Rule of Law.

UNIT - IV

United States of America – Salient features of Constitution – Federalism – the President – Election – Functions and Powers – Vice - President – Functions and Powers.

UNIT – V

The Congress – House of Representatives – Senate – Law Making – Committee System – Judicial Review – Checks and Balances – Political Parties – Pressure Groups – Lobbying.

1.	Bakshi,P.M.	 Constitution of India
2.	Gomathinayagam,P.	 Modern Governments
3.	Dharmaraj ,J.	 Modern Governments
4.	Kapoor, A.C.	Constitution of India
5.	Agarwal,R.C.	 Indian Political System
6.	Thangasamy,A.	 Modern Governments.

<u>SEMESTER – I</u> ALLIED-I .PRINCIPLES OF TOURISM:

HOURS: 6 CREDITS: 5 SUBJECT CODE: 14UHVA11

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. The study of Tourism & Travel Management helps the students to acquire wide range of knowledge about the Principles of Tourism.
- 2. It helps the students to get jobs in Tourism and related sectors.

<u>UNIT – I</u>

Definition – Origin – Basic components of Tourism - causes for the Rapid Growth of Tourism – Motivations.

UNIT - II

Tourism through the Ages: Ancient, medieval and modern period – world Time Differences – Greenwich mean time.

UNIT – III

Types of Tourism – Regional Tourism – International Tourism – Holiday Tourism – Cultural Tourism – Social Tourism – Business Tourism – Religious Tourism – Health Tourism Adventure Tourism – political Tourism – pleasure Tourism – Eco Tourism – Etc.,

UNIT – IV

Transportation:Railways, Roadways, Airways and waterways - Accommodations - Locality - Organizations - Economic and Social significance of Tourism.

UNIT - V

Travel formalities and regulations – Passport – Visa, Foreign Exchange, Customs and Health Formalities – Immigration - Impact of Tourism – Positive and Negative Impacts.

- **1.** Bhatia, A.K.-; -Principles of Tourism.
- **2.** Bezbaruah, M.P. Indian Tourism.
- **3.** Colley .G International Tourism.
- **4.** Robinson,H. -A Geography of Tourism
- **5.** Abbas Tourism and Travel Management

SEMESTER – I

NME-I. FREEDOM MOVEMENT IN INDIA (1885 – 1947)A.D:

HOURS: 2 CREDITS: 2 SUBJECT CODE: 14UHIN11

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To make the students of other disciplines to know about the freedom struggle of India.
- 2. To make them to understand the contributions of our National leaders and inculcate the National spirit.

<u>UNIT – I</u>

Birth of Indian National Congress and its activities – Moderates and Extremists – Surat Split.

UNIT - II

Gandian Era – Non-Cooperation Movement – Simon Commission – Nehru Report – Jinnah Report – Civil disobedience movement – Quit India Movement – Cripps Mission – Cabinet Mission – Dawn of Independence.

UNIT – III

Partition – Acceptance of office.

UNIT – IV

National Leaders – Gopala Krishna Gohale – Tilak – Gandhiji – Motilal Nehru – Jawaharlal Nehru – Nethaji – Jinnah – Ali Brothers – Moulana Abul Kalam Azad.

UNIT - V

Role of Tamil Nadu in the Freedom movement – V.O. Chidambaram Pillai – Bharathi – Subramania Siva – Vanchinathan – V.V.S. Iyer – Rajaji – Kamaraj.

Books for Study:

1 Agarwal, R.C. - Constitutional Development and National

Movement of India.

2 Roy Choudhury, S.C. - History of Modern India.

3 Grover,B.L. - A New look at modern Indian History.

4 Bipin Chandra - Indian National Movement.

5 Dr. Venkatesan,G. - History of Freedom movement in India.

CORE-III .HISTORY OF INDIA FROM 1206TO 1707 A.D

HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 4 SUBJECT CODE 14UHIC21/14UHVC21

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To enable the students to understand about the political history of Medieval India.
- 2. To give basic facts relating to socio economic and religious history of Medieval India.
- 3. To highlight the contributions made by the Muslim rulers in India.

UNIT – I

Delhi Sultanate – Sources – Establishment – Slave dynasty – Qutb-.ud.-din Aibak – - Iltutmish – Sultana Raziya – Balban – Wars, administration and reforms. Khalji dynasty – Jalaluddin Firoz Khalji – Alauddin Khalji – policies, consquests, administration and reforms – Thughluq dynasty – Muhammad- bin- Thughluq – Firuz Thughluq – policies, conquests administration and reforms – Sayyids and Lodis.

UNIT - II

Administration of Sultans of Delhi – Social, economic, cultural and religious conditions under Delhi Sultanate – fall of Delhi Sultanate, Kingdom of VijayaNagar – Origin – Krishna Deva Raya – Administration, development of art, architecture and literature under VijayaNagar rulers – Battle of Taliakotta – Bahmini Kingdom – origin – Muhammad Gawan – reforms.

UNIT – III

The Mughal Empire – sources – India on the eve of Babur's invasion – Babur – Humayun – Conquests and administration – Sher Shah's conquests and administration – Akbar the Great – conquests, policies and Administration – Jahangir – Noorjahan – Shahjahan.

UNIT – IV

Aurangazeb – Conquests, Deccan Policy, Religious Policy and Administration – Relationship with Shivaji – Later Mughals – Causes for the fall of Mughal Empire.

UNIT – V

Mughal Administration – Deccan and Religious Policies of Mughals – economic and cultural conditions under the Mughals – Development of Architecture and Literature in the Mughal period – Rise of Marathas – Shivaji – Life, military achievements and administration.

- 1. Majumdar, R.C. Advanced History of India.
- 2. Sathanataiya,R. History of India
- 3. Vincent A. Smith The Oxford History of India
- 4. Stanley Lanepoole History of Mughal Emperors in Hindustan

CORE-IV.HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU, 1565 – 1967AD:

HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 4
SUBJECT CODE:14UHIC22/14UHVC22

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To assess the impact of the Nayak Rule, British rule, and Congress rule on Tamil Nadu.
- 2. To understand the role played by Tamil Nadu in Freedom Struggle.

UNIT – I

Vijayanagar after Talikotta – The Nayaks of Senji, Madurai and Thanjavur – their Decline – Social and Economic Conditions under the Nayaks – Religion – Poligari system – Administration.

UNIT – II

The Rebellions of the Poligars – Khan Sahib and Pulithevar – Veerapandiya Kattabomman – the South Indian rebellion of 1800 – 1801 – the causes, course and results – Vellore Mutiny of 1806 – causes ,course and results.

UNIT – III

The British land revenue administration – Permanent land Revenue Settlement – Mahalwari Settlement – Ryotwari Settlement – Judiciary – Introduction of Western Education – Christian Missionary activities.

UNIT – IV

Socio – Religious reform movements – Temple Entry Movement – Justice Party – the Self - Respect movement - Women empowerment – Steps- Upper garment agitation.

UNIT – V

Role of Tamil Nadu in the freedom struggle – Tamil Nadu under Congress rule – the Administration of Rajaji, Kamaraj and Bhaktavatsalam – Ma.Po.Si – the rise of DMK to Power – C.N. Annadurai- Linguistic Re-organization of Tamilnadu.

- 1. Subramaniyan N. History of Tamil Nadu (1565 1984)
- 2. Rajayyan,K. History of Tamil Nadu (1565 1985)
- 3. Subramaniyan,P. Social History of the Tamils
- 4. Devanesan ,A. History of Tamil Nadu
- 5. Swaminathan, A. History of Tamil Nadu
- 6. Paramarthalingam, C. Social reform movement in Tamil Nadu.

ALLIED-II .MODERN GOVERNMENTS – II:

HOURS: 6 CREDITS: 5 SUBJECT CODE: 14UHIA21

OBJECTIVES:

- **1.** To enable the students to understand the existing system of Governments in various nations.
- 2. To mould them to live in accordance with the laws of the land.
- **3.** To prepare them suitable to the future governance.

UNIT – I

Switzerland – Constitution – Salient features – Mode of Amendment – Federal Council – Federal Assembly – Direct Democracy – Working of Democracy – Judiciary.

UNIT - II

France – Constitution of Fifth Republic – Salient features – Amendment Procedures – President – Prime Minister – Administrative law – Judiciary – Parliament and Law - making.

UNIT – III

India – Constitution – Sources – salient features – Amendments – Federal Structures – Centre – State relations – Fundamental rights and duties – Directive Principles of Safe Policy – Emergency provisions

UNIT – IV

India – Executive – President and Vicepresident – Election – Position – Powers – Functions – Cabinet – Dictatorship – Coalition Government and Political Stability.

UNIT - V

Indian Parliament – Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha – Organisation – composition – Powers – Law Making – process – committee System – Judiciary – Supreme Court – composition – Powers – Judicial Review – Electoral System – Party System.

- 1. Bakshi, P.M. Constitution of India.
- 2. Kapur, A.C. and Misra, K.K. Select Constitutions
- 3. P. Gomathinayagam Modern Governments.
- 4. Dharmaraj, J. Modern Governments
- 5. R.C. Agarwal Indian Political System
- 6. Thangasamy, A. Modern Governments

ALLIED PAPER II. TOURISM PRODUCT

HOURS: 6 CREDITS: 5 SUBJECT CODE: 14UHVA21

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. The study of Tourism & Travel Management helps the students to acquire wide range of knowledge about the Tourism Products and various destinations.
- 2. It helps the students to get jobs in Tourism and related sectors.

<u>UNIT</u> – I

Meaning, Definition and types of products – Raw materials – India, the sub – continent – physiography – Rivers, physical Divisions – seasons for Travel to Different centres.

UNIT <u>— II</u>

Historical and Ancient Monuments – Principles of Indian Art and Aesthetics – Values. Ideals – Nature – Symbolism & Eroticism..

UNIT - III

Religions in India – Hinduism – Buddhism – Jainism – Christianity – Islam – Zoroastrainism and Parsis – others. Performing Arts – Dance – Classical - Folk – Drama – Theater, Street, music – classical, Folk – others.

UNIT – IV

India Handicrafts & shopping – cultural Geography – Influence of Physical setting on the Growth and fusion of Indian culture.

UNIT - V

Fairs and Festivals of India – Museums in India. Main Centres in India – State wise - Beach Resorts, Hill and Mountain Resorts, Desert Resorts, spa Resorts, wild life and National Parks, Pilgrim Tourism, Adventure & sports Tourism, Cultural and Historical Tourism.

Books for Study:

Misra ,L.K. - Cultural Tourism
 Bhatia,A.K. - Principles of Tourism

3. Bezbaruah, M.P. - Indian Tourism

4. Colley ,G. - International Tourism
5. Robinson,H. - A Geography of Tourism.

<u>SEMESTER-II</u> <u>NON- MAJOR ELECTIVE- II</u>

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA:

HOURS: 2 CREDITS: 2 SUBJECT CODE: 14UHIN21

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To learn about the present system of Indian Administration.
- 2. To make the students to know about the laws of our land.

UNIT – I

Introduction to Indian Constitution – Making of Indian Constitution – Constituent Assembly – Salient features of Indian Constitution – Fundamental rights – Fundamental Duties – Directive principles of State Policy.

UNIT - II

Executive – President and VicePresident – Election, Position, Powers and Functions – Cabinet, Dictatorship, coalition Government and Political Stability.

UNIT – III

Indian Parliament – Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha – Organisation, Composition, Powers, Law making process, Committee System – Amendments.

UNIT – IV

Judiciary – Supreme Court – Organization, Composition, Powers, Judicial Review – High Court – Organization, Composition and Powers.

UNIT – V

State Government – Governor – Chief Minister and Cabinet – State Legislature – Centre – State Relations.

1.	Kapur, A.C. and Misra, K.K	-	Select Constitutions
2.	Bakshi,P.M.	-	Constitution of India
3.	Ganapragasam,C.	-	Modern Governments
4.	Gomathinayagam,P.	-	Modern Governments
5.	Ramalingam,T.S	-	Modern Governments

SEMESTER - III CORE SUBJECT- V HISTORY OF INDIA, 1707-1885A.D HOURS -5 CREDITS-4 SUBJECT CODE: 14UHIC31/14UHVC31

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To make the students to understand the multifaceted history of Indian polity, society and culture.
- 2. To enable them to develop the much needed secular outlook.

UNIT-I

The Rise of Marathas under the Peshwas- The Later Mughals-Invasions of Nadir Shah and Ahamed Shah Abdali-results-Third battle of Panipat(1761).

UNIT-II

The Advent of Europeans-Portuguese-Dutch-English and the French – Anglo – French rivalry in the Carnatic-The establishment of the English power in Bengal-Clive-Administration.

UNIT-III

Warren Hastings-Reforms-Policy towards the Indian state-Lord Cornwallis-reforms-Permanent Revenue Settlement-Wars-Lord Wellesley-The Subsidiary System-Anglo –Mysore wars-Conquests of Lord Hastings-Reforms-Lord William Bentinck-Lord Dalhousie-Doctrine of Lapse- Reforms- Policy of annexation.

UNIT-IV

Career and Achievements of Ranjith Singh-Anglo -Sikh Wars- Anglo –Burmese wars -The Rising of 1857-Nature-Causes and Results.

UNIT-V

India under the Crown-Lord Canning-Lord Ripon-reforms –Circumstances leading to National awakening-Socio-religious reform Movements -Birth of Indian National Congress.

MAPS;

- 1. European Settlements
- 2. The Carnatic wars
- 3. The Revolt of 1857

- 1. Majumdar.R.C.&Others-Advanced History of India
- 2. Vincent Smith-The Oxford History of India
- 3. Mahajan.V.D.-India since 1526

SEMESTER - III

CORE SUBJECT: VI

HISTORY OF EUROPE, 476 - 1453 A.D.

HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 4

SUB CODE: 14UHIC32/14UHVC32

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To enable the students to know the Medieval History of Europe.
- 2. The Study of this subject creates awareness among the students on the rich Cultural and Historical heritage of Asia and Europe.

<u>UNIT – I</u>

Downfall of the Roman Empire – Causes – Legacy of Rome – The Ostro-Goths – Visi-Goths – Vandals – Franks – Angl- Saxons – Lombards.

UNIT – II

Rise and Spread of Christianity – Life and Teachings of Jesus Christ – Origin of Papacy – Monasteries – The Byzantine Empire – Justinian I – Empire after Justinian.

<u>UNIT – III</u>

Rise and Spread of Islam – Teachings of Prophet Mohammed – Early Attacks on Europe – Impact of Islam on Europe – Frankish Kingdom – Charlemagne, The Great – His Conquests (768 to 814)

UNIT – IV

The Holy Roman Empire – Henry, The Fowler (919 to 936) – Otto,The great – Successors of Otto – Struggle between Empire and Papacy. Feudalism – Features – Merits and Demerits – Manorial System.

UNIT – V

The Crusades – Causes – Course – Results – Hundred years' War (1337 to 1453) – Fall of Constantinople (1453).

- 1. Fisher.H.A.L. History of Europe.
- 2. Grant.A.J. History of Europe
- 3. Southgate A Text Book of Modern European History
- 4. Gandhi Dasan. M History of Europe, 476 to 1453
- 5. Henri Pirenne History of Europe.
- 6. Thangasamy. A History of Europe, 476 to 1453
- 7. Ramalingam T.S. History of Europe

SEMESTER - III ALLIED SUBJECT :III PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS- I

HOURS: 6 CREDITS: 5
SUB CODE: 14UHIA31

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To know the importance of Economics in the real world
- 2. To evaluate the ideological basis of each Economic system

Unit I: Introduction

Definition of Economics - Adam smith, Alfred Marshall and Lionel Robbins - Scope of Economics - Main - Sub - divisions - Science or Art - Positive or Normative-Methods - Deductive method and Inductive method - Economic laws - Nature and comparison with the laws of other sciences - Basic concepts - Goods, utility, wants, value and price, market and income.

Unit II: Consumption

Law of Diminishing marginal utility - Law of Equi - Marginal utility - Law of Demand and law of supply - Elasticity of Demand - Methods of Measurement of Elasticity of Demand - Kinds of Elasticity - Perfectly elastic, perfectly inelastic, relatively elastic, relatively elastic, relatively inelastic and Unitary Elasticity - Consumers surplus.

Unit III: Production

Meaning and characteristics of factors of production - Land, Labour, Capital and Organization - Laws of Returns - Division of labour - Localization of industry - Theories of population - Malthusian and Optimum - Population and Economic Development - Labour Productivity.

Unit IV: Economic Organization (Capital Formation)

Capital formation - Physical Capital and Human capital - Capital formation and Economic Development - Meaning and functions of Entrepreneurship.

Unit V: Economic Organization Values

Analysis of supply and Demand - Cost and Revenue - Price determination under different markets - Perfect competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic Competition - Price Discrimination - Market Value and Normal Value - Absolute Value and Relative Value - Joint Demand and Joint supply.

Reference:

1. Advanced Economic Theory - H.L.Anuja S.Chand & Co

2. Economics Analysis - K.P.M.Sundaram & E.N.Sundaram

3. Micro Economic Theory - M.L.Jhingan

4. Micro Economics - M.L.Sesh

5. Micro Economics - Koutsoyiannis

SEMESTER - III ALLIED SUBJECT : III TOURISM MARKETING: HOURS : 6 CREDITS : 5

SUB CODE:14UHVA31

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To acquire the skills and strategies for the best sale of tourism products in Markets.
- 2. To enable the students to identify viable tourism products and Markets.

<u>UNIT – I</u>

Introduction of Marketing – Meaning – Definition – Concept and Classification of Market - Tourism Marketing – Meaning and Definition.

UNIT - II

Characteristics of Tourism Product – Character of Services - Marketing Planning – Market Research Techniques-New Product Development – Identification of Potential Markets.

UNIT – III

Packaging – Tour Package – Inclusive Tours – Costing and Pricing– Channels of Distribution in Tourism – Functions of Distribution.

UNIT – IV

Publicity – Types of Publicity – Tourism and International Trade – Balance of Trade-Balance of Payment – Tourism Marketing and itsSpecial Features.

UNIT – V

Pricing policy- Market segmentation.

Books for Study:

Jha, S.M.
 Philip Kotler
 Tourism Marketing
 Principles of Marketing

3. Rajan Pillai - Marketing

4. Douglas Foster - Travel and Tourism Management

5. Henry Assael - Marketing

6. Pran Seth - Successful Tourism Management.

SEMESTER –III <u>SKILL BASED SUBJECT -I</u> PANCHAYAT RAJ

HOURS:2 CREDITS:2 CODE 14UHIS31/14UHVS31

OBJECTIVES:

- 1.To enable the students to study and understand the Basic Democracy, i.e., Modern Indian Panchayat Raj.
- 2.The Study of this Subject helps the students to know various Rural Development Programmes with helps to upliftment of infrastructure in our society.

UNIT I

Early Village Administrative system-Gandhian Ideas-Bulvantray Mehta Committee Report -Panchayat Raj under Rajiv Gandhi Governance-Singhvi Committee Report.

UNIT-II

Narasimha Rao and his role in Panchayat Raj 73rdConstitutional Amendment Act-Article 243 on Panchayat Raj-Village Panchayat-Panchayat Union-Zillah Parishad.

UNIT-III

Rural Housing Programmes: Indira Awass Yojana-Samagra Awass Yojana-Innovative Schemes to Rural Housing and Habitat Development.

UNIT -IV

Rural Development Programmes-Sampoorna Grameen Rozgar Yojana-Pradhan Manthri Gram Sadak Yojana-Rural Drinking Water Scheme-Centrally sponsored Rural sanitation Programme-Employment Assurance Scheme.

UNIT- V

Integrated Rural Development Schemes-SFDA-DPAP-DDP-TRYSEM-NREP.

Books for study:

1.Desai, A.R - Rural Sociology in India.

2. Kuppusamy. N - Social Change in India

3. Rajeswari Dezai - Community Development Programme in India.

4. Kuppusamy.B. - An Introduction to Rural Sociology

SEMESTER – IV

CORE SUBJECT-VII

NATIONAL MOVEMENT IN INDIA, AD 1885 – 1947

HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 4 14UHIC41/14UHVC41

OBJECTIVES

- 1. This paper provides many opportunities to the present generation to understand the role of services and sacrifices done by previous generations towards India.
- 2. To promote National spirit among the students.

UNIT – I

Indian National Congress- Moderates – their activities – Lord Curzon and Partition of Bengal(1905) – Swadeshi Movement – Formation of Muslim League and its role in Freedom Struggle - Surat Split – Extremists and their activities.

UNIT – II

Gandhian Era – Lucknow Pact(1916) -Rowlatt Satyagraha – Jallianwalabagh Massacre - Khilafat Movement - Non – co-operation movement – Simon Commission – Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen points -Civil Disobedience Movement - Quit India Movement(1942) – Dawn of Independence(1947).

UNIT – III

Minto – Morley Reforms and its importance – Montague – Chelmsford Reforms and its significance – Government of India Act of 1935 and its provisions.

UNIT – IV

National Leaders – G.K. Gokhale, B.G. Tilak, Lala Lajpat Rai, Bipin Chandra pal - Mahathma Gandhi – Jawarhalal Nehru – Mohamed Ali Jinnah – S.C. Bose – Maulana Azad.Revolutionaries in the Freedom struggle in India and abroad –Veer Savarkar- Madam Cama – Bagat Singh, Raj Guru and Sukhdev.

UNIT - V

Role of Tamil Nadu in the Freedom Struggle – V.O.Chidambaram Pillai – Bharathi – Subrahmanya Siva – Vanchinathan – V.V.S. Iyer – Rajaji, Satyamurthy and Kamaraj.

- 1 Venkatesan.G.
- 2. Grover, S. and Grover, B.L.
- 3. Bipan Chandra
- 4 Mahajan, V.D.

- History of Freedom Struggle in India.
- -A New look at Modern Indian History.
- India's Struggle for Independence.
- History of Modern India.

SEMESTER – IV CORE SUBJECT : VIII

HISTORY OF EUROPE, 1453 - 1789 A.D.

HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 4 SUB. CODE:14UHIC42/14UHVC42

OBJECTIVES;

- 1. To make the students to understand the European polity and culture and their impact within and outside Europe .
- 2. To make the students to perceive the maritime activities of the European countries and its world-wide effects.

UNIT - I

Beginning of Modern Age – Geographical Discoveries – Causes – Impact.Renaissance – Meaning – Causes – Renaissance in Literature – Paintings, Sculpture, Architecture, Science, Philosophy, Geography and Social Science – Results.Reformation – Meaning – Causes – Martin Luther– Church vs State – Calvinism – Counter Reformation – Results of Reformation.

UNIT – II

Rise of Modern States – Rise of France –Henry IV -Cardinal Richelieu – Cardinal Mazarin – Thirty years' War – Effects – Spain – Charles V - Philip II.

<u>UNIT – III</u>

Rise of England- Tudor despotism - HenryVII, HenryVIII- Elizabeth I- Beginnings of Democratic Era- Rise of Parliaments- Glorious Revolution(1688).

UNIT – IV

The Age of Enlightenment- Louis XIV – Achievements – Domestic, Foreign- Religious and Economic Policies – The Dutch War of Independence – Spanish War of succession – the Treaty of Utrecht-Peter the Great –Frederick the Great- Catherine II – Maria Therasa – Joseph II. – Louis XVI of France – Impact of the American war of Independence on Europe.

UNIT – V

The Eve of the French Revolution – Condition of France- Louis XV,Louis XVI – Causes and Course of the French Revolution.

- 1. Arun Bhattacharjee History of Europe. (1453 1789 AD)
- 2. Rao,B.V. History of Europe (1453 1815 AD)
- 3. Fisher, H.A.L History of Europe
- 4. Grant, A.J. History of Europe
- 5. Southgate History of Europe
- 6. Ramalingam, T.S. _ History of Europe

SEMESTER – IV

ALLIED SUBJECT-IV- PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS - II

HOURS: 6 CREDITS: 5

SUB CODE: 14UHIA41

OBJECTIVES

- i. To know the importance of Economics in the real world
- ii. To evaluate the ideological basis of each Economic system

Unit I: Theory of Distribution

Meaning and methods of computation of national income - difficulties - uses - Rent - meaning - theories of rent - wages - real wage and money wage - theories of wages - interest - gross and net interest - theories of interest - liquidity trap - profit - theories of profit.

Unit II: Money and Banking

Definition and functions of money - quantity theory of money - transaction approach - Cambridge version - role of money in capitalist and socialist economies - commercial banks - functions - role of commercial banks in economic development - central bank - functions - role in economic development

Unit III: International Trade

Difference between internal and international trade - Theories of international trade - Absolute cost - comparative cost - balance of payments - disequilibrium - measures for correcting disequilibrium in the balance of payments - difference between free trade and protection - purchasing power parity theory.

Unit IV: Inflation

Meaning and kinds of inflation - deflation - stagflation - causes of inflation - economic and social factors - measures to control inflation - trade cycle - components.

Unit V: Taxation

Canons of taxation - direct tax and indirect tax - sources of public revenue - suggestions for increasing public revenue - causes for the growth of public expenditure in India - features and preparation of budget - public debt and methods of redemption.

References:

- 1. Advanced Economic Theory H.L.Ahuja, S.Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Economic Analysis KPM. Sundaram, E.N.Sundaram, SultanChand & Sons, Delhi
- 3. Public Finance and International Economics, D.M.Mithani, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi
- 4. Macro Economic Theory, M.L.Jhingan, Virinda Publications (P) Ltd., Delhi
- 5. Macro Economics, Dr.S.Sankaran, Margham Publications, Chennai.
- 6. Money, Banking and International Trade, K.P.M. Sundaram, SultanChand & Sons, Delhi.

SEMESTER – IV ALLIED SUBJECT: IV

TOURISM AND TRAVEL MANAGEMENT IN INDIA:

HOURS: 6 CREDITS: 5 SUB. CODE: 14UHVA41

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To prepare the students to use the benefits of the fast- rising industry of Tourism and Travel management.
- 2. The study of this subject makes the students employable.

UNIT - I

General Introduction – Concept of Travel Industry – Transport System – Road, Rail, Air, Sea and Water ways.

UNIT - II

Tour Operator – Definition, Types, Main Functions – Tourist Guide services – Qualifications – various Developments in Travel Office and its Functions.

<u>UNIT – III</u>

Package tour – Origin and types of Package Tours – Travel Formalities – Passport, Visa, ECNR-NOC- Foreign Exchange, Medical Certificate, Customs and Immigration etc.

UNIT – IV

Role of Tourism Organization in Travel industry – Essentials of Travel agency – Functions of Travel agency – Travels Agents Association of India.

UNIT – V

Allied services – Accommodation – Definition, Types, Departments – Functions – Plans – Operation and Management.

Books forStudy:

1. Agarwal, Surinder - Travel Agency Management

2. Bhatia, A.K. - International Tourism

3. Bhatia, A.K. - Tourism Development

4. David H. Howel - Principles of Methods of Scheduling Reservation

5. Nerval, A.J. - The Tourist Industry

6. Merission Jome. W - Travel Agents and Tourism.

SEMESTER – IV <u>SKILL BASED SUBJECT - II</u> <u>HUMAN RIGHTS</u> <u>HOURS:2 CREDITS:2</u>

SUB. CODE: 14UHIS41/14UHVS41

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To create awareness among the students about Human Rights.
- 2. To enable the students to study and understand the Origin, Growth and Importance of Human Rights.

Unit: I

Definition of Human Rights – Theories – Magna Carta – Petition of Rights – Bill of Rights – French Revolution and Declaration of Rights of Man.

Unit: II

U.N.O. and Universal Declaration of Human Rights – Declaration of Rights of Children(1959) – Rights of the Disabled Persons (1975) – Declaration of the elimination of all forms of Religious intolerance – Role of U.N.O. in the Protection of Human Rights.

Unit: III

Convention on the Crime of Genocide – Protection of the Rights of Women – Convention on the State of Refugees.

Unit: IV

Violation of Human Rights – Amnesty International - Helsinki Declaration – Civil and Political Rights.

Unit: V

Child Labour – Women Rights – Bonded Labour – Forced Labour – Capital Punishment – Human Rights in India – National Human Rights Commission.

Books for Study:

1. Leah Levan - Human Rights

2. Krishna Iyer, V.R. - Dialectics and Dynamics of Human Rights in India.

3. Nirmal, C.J. - Human Rights in India

4. Upendra Baxi - Right to be Human

5. Upendra Baxi - The Crisis of the Indian Legal Rights

6. Desai - Violation of Democratic Rights in India

7. Conor Greaty and Adam Tomkins - Understanding Human Rights

8. David Beetham - Politics and Human Right

SEMESTER – V CORE SUBJECT: IX

HISTORY OF EUROPE, 1789 - 1914 A.D.

<u>HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 5</u> SUB. CODE - 14UHIC51/14UHVC51

OBJECTIVES

- 1. The study of this subject enables the students to know the Modern History of Europe.
- 2. The students also understand Modern Developments such as French Revolution, Napoleonic Conquests and Liberal Movements.

UNIT – I

The results of the French Revolution – the Directory – Rise of Napoleon Bonaparte – Napoleon as Emperor – wars and achievements – Continental system – Causes for the failure of Napoleon – Domestic and Foreign policies.

UNIT – II

Metternich and Vienna Settlement – Concert of Europe – Congress at Aix-la-Chapelle – Congress of Troppau and Laibach – Congress of Vienna – Failure of Vienna Congress – Metternich – Louis XVIII – Charles X – Revolution of 1830 – Louis Philippe –Revolution of 1848 – A comparison of the two revolutions.

UNIT – III

Louis Napoleon as the President of Second Republic – Napoleon III as Emperor – achievements - Foreign Policy – Third Republic.

UNIT – IV

Liberal Movements - Unification of Italy - Cavour - Garibaldi - Mazzini and Victor Immanuel II - Unification of Germany - Bismarck - Austro - Prussian war - Franco - Prussian war - Fall of Bismarck.

UNIT – V

Eastern Question: Greek War of Independence – the Crimean War – First Balkan War Second Balkan War – Results.

- 1. Fisher,H.A.L. History of Europe
- 2. Southgate A text book on Modern European History
- 3. Grant, A.J. History of Europe
- 4. Ketelby, C.D.H. History of Modern Europe from 1789
- 5. Ramalingam, T.S. History of Europe

<u>SEMESTER – V</u>

CORE SUBJECT: X

HISTORY OF THE ARABS, AD 570 – 1258

HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 4

SUB. CODE-14UHIC52/14UHVC52

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. The study of this subject enables the students to know and understand the Life and Teachings of Prophet Mohamed.
- 2. The students also understand the Religious and Political Impact of Islam on the World.

UNIT-I

Geographical features of Arabia – Pre – Islamic Arabia (Ayyamul Jahilliyya) – their Social, economic, political and religious life.

UNIT: II

Life of the Prophet Mohammed at Mecca and Madina – Quran – Hadith – Five pillars of Islam.

UNIT - III

The Orthodox Caliphate – Abu Baker, Umar, Usman and Ali – Their conquests and Administration.

UNIT – IV

The Umayyads – Amir Muawiya – Tragedy of Karbala – AbdulMalik , Al walid I and Umar bin Abdul Aziz – Their conquests and administration – Decline of the Umayyad Caliphate.

UNIT - V

The Abbasids – the Rise of the Abbasid Caliphate – Al – Mansur , Al – Haroon and Al – Mamun – their conquests and administration- Contribution to Art and Architecture, literature, science and medicine - Fall of the Abbasids.

Books for Study:

1. Hitti,P. K.

- History of the Arabs

2. Ameer Ali

- A short History of the Saracens

3. Ameer Ali

- Spirit of Islam

4. Kirk,G. E.

- A short History of the Middle- East.

5. Fisher, S.N.

-The Middle- East-A History.

CORE SUBJECT : XI ELEMENTS OF HISTORIOGRAPHY

HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 5 SUB. CODE: 14UHIC53/14UHVC53

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To make the students understand the theory of history
- 2. To Make the students to learn the history of historical writing in India and abroad
- 3. To provide basic knowledge on research methodology.

UNIT – I

Meaning, Scope and Purpose: Meaning of History – Definitions of History – Scope – purpose. History and Allied subjects- Relation of History with other disciplines- Politics – Geography – Economics – Literature – Sociology. Branches of History- Political, Social, Economic, Cultural and Constitutional –Sources.

UNIT – II

History, a Science or Art – History as both Science and Art – Uses and Abuses of History-Lessons of History – Limitations of History.

<u>UNIT – III</u>

Foreign Historians and their contributions: Greek and Roman Historians—Herodotus—Thucydides—Titus Livy, Tacitus—Gibbon, Ranke, Hegel, Karl Marx—August Comte and Toynbee.

UNIT – IV

Indian Historians: Kalhana – Medieval Historians – Ziauddin Barani, Amir Khusrau, Ibn Baduta, Abdul Razzak and Abul Fazl.Modern Historians: Jadunath Sarkar, Ranajit Guha, K.K.Pillai–Nilakanda Sastri – N.Subrahmaniyan- K. Rajayyan.

UNIT – V

Research Methodology: Selection of Topic – Primary and Secondary Sources – Objectivity and Subjectivity – Internal and External Criticism – Foot Notes – Bibiliography – Thesis Writing.

Books for Study:

1. Arthur Marwic - The Nature of History

Subrahmanian,N.
 Venkatesan,G.
 Carr,E.H.
 Historiography
 What is History?

5. Sheikh Ali
6. Rajayyan, K.
History - its Theory and Method
History - its Theory and Method.

SEMESTER – V

CORE SUBJECT-XII

CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF INDIA, 1773 - 1950 A.D.

HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 5 SUB. CODE-14UHIC54/14UHVC54

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. The study of this subject enables the students to know and understand the Constitutional development of India under the British.
- 2. The students also understand the making of Indian Constitution and its Salient Features.

UNIT – I

The Regulating Act of 1773 – The Act of 1781 – Pitt's India Act of 1784.

UNIT - II

The Charter Acts of 1793, 1813, 1833, 1853. The Act of 1858 – The Queen's Proclamation of 1858 - Provisions - Significance.

UNIT - III

Indian Council Acts of 1861 & 1892 - Minto- Morley Reforms of 1909 - Montague-Chelmsford Reforms of 1919 - Circumstances - Provisions - Significance - Dyarchy in Provinces.

UNIT - IV

The Government of India Act of 1935 – Provincial Autonomy -The Act of 1947.

UNIT - V

The Making of the Indian Constitution – The Constituent Assembly – Drafting Committee. Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Dr.B.R.Ambedkar – Salient features of the Indian Constitution.

- Constitutional Development and National Movement of 1. Agarwal, R. C. India
- 2. Gupta, D.C. - Indian National Movement & Constitutional Development
- 3. Ray Choudhary,S.C. - History of Modern India
- 4. Grover, B.L. and Grover, S. A New Look on Modern Indian History.

ELECTIVE SUBJECT -I HISTORY OF THE USA, 1865-1945A.D.

HOURS:6 CREDITS:5 SUB. CODE:14UHIE51.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. The study of this subject helps the students to know and understand the Modern History of the U.S.A.
- 2. The students also acquire knowledge on the Rise of the U.S.A. as the Super power and her role in Two World Wars.

UNIT I:

The results of the Civil War- Significance. Re-construction—Abraham Lincoln -His role in the Civil war -Post-civil war Agricultural expansion-Rise of Big Business-Labour movements.

UNIT II

Growth of Imperialism - Theodore Roosevelt-Square Deal and domestic policy - Big Stick policy-Taft Administration.

UNIT III

First World War: American approach to War-Woodrow Wilson-Peace Conference-League of Nations-Neutrality - Great Depression and its effects-Hoover administration.

UNIT IV

Franklin D.Roosevelt - New Deal Legislations- Foreign Policy during New Deal period. The Second World War – American approach to World War II - end of neutrality-The U.S. at the War.

UNIT V

Quest for peace - Efforts of peace during the World War II- Planning for a New World Order-Atlantic Charter –San Francisco Conference and the Establishment of the U.N.O.

Books for Study:

1Hill,.C.P. - A History of the United States.

2. Allan Novins - A Brief History of the United States

3.Eric Ecclestone - The Growth of Modern America

4. Raskitt, H.P. - The United States of America.

5.Canning,H. - History of the United States

6. Woodrow Wilson - A History of American people

7. Adam,R.G. - The Foreign Policy of the United States

8. Rajayyan. K, - History of the United States of America.

<u>SEMESTER – V</u>

ELECTIVE SUBJECT: I

INFORMATION, COMMUNICATION AND AUTOMATION

HOURS: 6 CREDITS: 5
SUB. CODE: 14UHVE51

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. The study of this subject invests the students with the knowledge of Information, Communication and Automation.
- 2. The students also understand the various aspects of Internet System.

UNIT - I

Introduction – Meaning – Definition, Scope, Importance and Advantages of Communication system used in Tourism Industry – written, verbal, Electronic.

UNIT - II

Various types of communication – Internal and External qualities of effective communication – Data Collection – Recording Data – Sources of information in Tourism Industry.

UNIT – III

Automation - Tourism Expectation - Need for service (Behaviour, study, Identification, demand, creation service to satisfy) Automation - office automation and its function (Type - writer, Calculator, Phone, Fax, Xerox, Answering Machine, Computer, etc)

UNIT – IV

Computer – Introduction, History, Software, Hardware, languages etc - Basis of word processing – Accounting – Spread sheet – Database Management.

UNIT - V

Introduction to Internet – Intranet – ISP – Icon concept – Computer Reservation system (CRS) – ticket reservation, Cancellation Request (Train and Air).

Books for Study:

1. Rajaram, K. - Fundamentals of Computer

2. Taxali, R.K. - PC Software for Windows 98

3. Mathews Leon - Database Management System.

SEMESTER – V SKILL BASED SUBJECT-III ARCHIVES KEEPING HOURS:2 CREDITS:2

SUB. CODE: 14UHIS51/14UHVS51

OBJECTIVES;

- The study of this subject enables the students to know and understand the History,
 Organisation and the uses of Archives.
- 2. The students also acquires knowledge on the contribution and functions of Archives.

<u>UNIT- I</u>

History of Archives-Book Keeping in Ancient times-Creation of Archives - Types.

UNIT-II

Organisation of Archives-Regulations-Administration of Archives.

UNIT-III

Preservation of Archives-Scientific Methods-Functions of Archives.

UNIT-IV

Uses of Archives-Rules Regulating the access of public to the Archives in India and other countries.

UNIT-V

National Archives of India-Contribution of the British towards Archives keeping-State Archives of Tamilnadu-Functions of Private Archives.

Books for Study:

1.Thiyagarajan,J. - Archives keeping.

2.Baliga, B.S. - Guides to Records Preserved in the Madras Record Office

3. Hari Narayana, N. - The Science of Archives keeping

4. Hilary Jenkinson - A Manual of Archives Administration

5. White, H.L. - Trends in Archival Administration

<u>SEMESTER – V</u> PART IV - ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES:

HOURS: 2 CREDITS: 2 SUBJECT CODE: 14UEVS51

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To make the students to understand the significance of Environment.
- 2. To create awareness about the danger to Environment and its adverse effects.
- **3.** To prepare them to combat the Environmental challenges.

UNIT – I

Definition – Nature and scope of Environmental Studies – its needs.

UNIT - II

Natural Resources – Renewable and non–Renewable resources – Forest – Water – Mineral – food – Energy and Land Resources.

UNIT – III

Bio – diversity and Eco-system- producers, consumers and decomposers – value of Bio – diversity – conservation of Bio – diversity – Inclusive and Exclusive conservation.

UNIT - IV

Environmental Pollution- Air, Water, Soil, Marine, Noise, Thermal and Nuclear Pollutions.

UNIT - V

Global warming – Environmental Protection Acts – role of Individuals in the venture of protection of Environment- Nuclear Issues.

Books for Study:

1. William, P. Cunningham & Mary

Ann Cunningham

- Principles of Environmental Sciences

2. Dr. Sharma, J.P.

Comprehensive Environmental Studies.

3. Drach Bharucha

Text book of Environmental Studies.

4. Manoharachamy, C and Jayarama Reddy, P. – Principles of Environmental Studies.

SEMESTER – VI

CORE SUBJECT- XIII INDIA SINCE INDEPENDENCE

HOURS: 6 CREDITS: 4

SUB. CODE: 14UHIC61/14UHVC61

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. The study of this subject enables the students to know and understand the Contemporary History of India.
- 2. The students also acquire knowledge on Indian Constitution, Foreign Policy and Modern Developments in the fields of Education, Social Welfare and the Economy of India.

UNIT – I

The land and the people – National symbols – Framing of Indian Constitution – Features – Fundamental Rights – Directive principles of state policy - Integration of Indian states- Re – Organisation of states (1956) and Union Territories.

UNIT - II

Foreign Policy of India: Policy of Non – Alignment – Relations with USA., USSR., China, Pakistan, Sri Lanka and the UNO – India and the SAARC- BRICS- ASEAN.

UNIT - III

Education - New Education Policy - Elementary - Higher Secondary - University and Higher Education - U.G.C. - SSA - Vocational and Technical Education - Women's Education - Rural Education. Welfare of SC and ST - constitutional safeguards - legislation against untouchability - welfare of Minorities - welfare of the Aged - Child and women's development. UNIT - IV

Planned Economy of India- Five year Plans – Agriculture – Horticulture – Animal Husbandry – Dairy development – Fisheries – Health and family planning – commerce and Industry – major Industries – Import and Export – Labour Policies and Welfare Programmes.

UNIT - V

Transport and communication- Roads – Railways – shipping – civil aviation – Postal network – Mass media – Tele-communications – Information technology – promotion of cultural activities – Sports.

Books for Study:

1. Agarwal,S. - Press, Public opinion and Government of India.

2. Agarwal, J.C.: - A. Source Book of Indian Education.

3. Appadurai, A. - Essay in Indian Politics and the foreign Policy.

4. Bhatnagar, K.P. - Transport in Modern India.

5. Chatterjee Biswa, B. - Impact of Social Legislation on social change.

6. India, Year Book - Government of India Publication.

(Annuals)

<u>SEMESTER – VI</u>

CORE SUBJECT-XIV

HISTORY FOR COMPETITVE EXAMINATIONS

HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 4

SUB CODE: 14UHIC62/14UHVC62

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. The study of this subject helps the students to acquire knowledge on the Geography, National Movement, Polity and Economy of India.
- 2. The students also study and understand the Current affairs and thereby they could confidently write the Competitive Examinations.

UNIT -I GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA

Earth and universe- Solar system - Atmosphere, Hydrosphere, Lithosphere - Monsoon, Rainfall and Climate - Water resources - rivers in India - Soil, Minerals and Natural resources. Forest and wildlife - Social Geography – Population.

UNIT -II INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT

Early uprising against British rule-1857 Revolt- Causes for the rise of Nationalism-Indian National Congress – National Movement (1857-1947A.D) -Moderates, Extremists and Revolutionaries - Communalism.Constitution of India-Preamble to the constitution - Salient features of Constitution -Union, state and territory - Citizenship - Rights and Duties - Fundamental Rights -Directive Principles of State Policy- Fundamental Duties

UNIT -III INDIAN POLITY

Human rights charter - Union executive - Parliament - State executive - State legislature. Status of Jammu & Kashmir - Centre -State relations - Judiciary in India - Rule of law - Emergency services in India - Elections and Election Commission- Amendments to Constitution

.UNIT -IV INDIAN ECONOMY

Nature of Indian economy –Industrial growth -Role of public sector and disinvestment-National income - Public finance and fiscal policy - Price policy and public distribution-Banking, money and Monetary policy - Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) – WTO-globalisation and privatisation oriented programmes .

UNIT -V CURRENT AFFAIRS

Latest diary of events – National -National symbols -Profile of States-Defence, security and terrorism- India and its neighbours. World organisations- pacts and summits- Latest historical events. Eminent persons and places in news-Sports and games-Books and authors - Awards and honours.

Books for Study

- 1.Banerjee, A.C.
- 2.Bipan Chandra
- 3. Geography
- 4. Bakshi, P.M
- 5. Gopal Krishna
- 6. Basu, D.D
- 7. Khullar
- 8. Dutt & Sundaram

- History of Modern India
- India's Struggle for Independence
- Spectrum
- Constitution of India
- Gandhi ,Nehru, Tagore & Ambedkar
- Indian Constitution
- India- A Comprehensive Geography
- Indian Economy
- Government of India Publication.
- 10. Tata McGraw Hill, Spectrum and Unique For General Reference.
- 11. The Pearson General Studies Manual.

9. India Year Book Series, 2010-14

SEMESTER – VI-ELECTIVE SUBJECT-II

HISTORY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SINCE 1453A.D.

HOURS: 5 CREDITS: 5 SUB. CODE: 14UHIE61/14UHVE61.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. The study of this subject invests the students with the knowledge of Modern Science and Technology.
- 2. The Students of History also acquire the knowledge of Modern Science.

UNIT – I

Birth of Modern Science and Technology in Europe in the 15 and 16 centuries- Renaissance in Europe – progress in Astronomy – Nicholas Coppernicus – Johannas kepler – Galileo. Science and Technology in the Seventeenth Century – Foundation of Scientific Academies – Royal Society in London – French Royal Academy of Science – progress in Physics and Chemistry - progress in Medical Science – Vesalius - Ambroise pare – John Gutenburg – and Leonardo - da- Vinci - Issac Newton – Robert Boyle – Progress in Medical Science - William Harvey – Marcello Malpigi.

UNIT - II

Science and Technology in the Eighteenth century – Inventions in Textile Industry – Transportation – Steam engine – Progress in Mathematics – Leonard Euler – Joseph Lagrange – Chemistry – Henry Cavendish – Joseph Priestly – Simon Lavoisier - Laplace Natural Science - Count-de-Buffon – Carl Linnaeus – Medical Science – John Hunter – Edward Jenner.

UNIT - III

Science and Technology in the Golden Age of Science (Nineteenth Century) Progress in Theoretical Science – Biology – Charles Darwin – Physics – Michael Faraday – James Clerk Maxwell – William Thomas Kelvin – Chemistry – John Dalton – Mandeleev – Medicine – James Simpson – Louis Pasteur – Joseph Lister – Elias Metchnikoff – Patric Manson – Progress in Technology – Transportation – Railway – Cycle – Motor Car – Communication – Samuel Morse – Alexander Graham Bell – Thomas Alva Edison – Synthetic Dyes – Alfred Nobel and Nobel Prize – History of Photography.

UNIT - IV

Science and Technology in the Twentieth Century – Albert Einstein and Theory of Relativity – Impact of World Wars on Science – Atomic Science – Lord Rutherford – Atom Bombs – Medical Science – Roentgen and X-Ray – Marie Curie – Penicillin and Alexander Fleming – Information Technology – Radio – Radar – Television – Computer – E-mail – Internet – E-commerce – Robotics – Laser Technology – Gene Technology

UNIT - V

Aero Plane – Helicopter – Rocket Technology – Space Missions in U.S.S.R. – U.S.A., - India – DRDO – Missile Technology – Technological Development in Agriculture – Green Revolution – Pioneers in Modern Science in India – J.C. Bose – P.C. Ray – Srinivasa Ramanujam – C.V. Raman – Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam – M.S. Swaminathan.

Books for Study:

1.	Abro, A.D.	_	The Evolution of Scientific Thought from Newton to Einstein
2.	Anthony, H.D.,	_	Science and It's Backgrounds

Arthur Eddington – New Pathways in Science
 Green – Hundred Great Scientists

Junger Thorwald – Science and Secret Medicine
 Kapana Rajaram – Science and Technology in India

7. Tumer, D.M – The Book of Scientific Discovery

8. Thomas Crump – A Brief History of Science

9. Varghese Jeyaraj, S – History of Science and Technology

10. Venkatraman, R. – History of Science and Technology

11. White Head, A.N – Science and Modern World

<u>SEMESTER – VI</u>

ELECTIVE SUBJECT: III

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, 1914 - 2000A.D.

HOURS: 6 CREDITS: 5 SUB. CODE: 14UHIE62.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. The study of this subject enables the students to know and understand the course of International Relations during the 20^{th} Century.
- 2. The students also understand the current International affairs and thereby they could confidently write the Competitive Examinations.

<u>UNIT – I</u>

Meaning – Scope – approaches to the study –Significance of study. The First World War -the fourteen principles of Woodrow Wilson – Paris peace conference – the Treaty of Versailles and other peace treaties.

<u>UNIT – II</u>

The League of Nations- Success and its failure –Rise of Fascism and Nazism -the Second World War – Causes, Course and results.

<u>UNIT –III</u>

The UNO- specialized agencies – OAS – Arab League – ASEAN- EEC- SAARC- Common Wealth of Nations – Foreign Policy of India.

UNIT -IV

Cold war and Disarmament – the impact of Cold war - the end of Cold War – NATO-SEATO –CENTO – Warsaw Pact – Disarmament and arms Control – Nuclear Non – proliferation Treaty – CTBT – Oil Diplomacy .

UNIT - V

Fall of Communism – GATT – WTO – North – South Dialogue – Gulf War – Attack on World Trade Centre – International Terrorism – Globalization – Privatisation.

Books for Study;

1. Fleming - Origin of the Cold War

2. Johair, J.C. - International Politics

3. Langsam, C. - The world since 1919

Orgenthau - Politics among nations

5. Palmer and Perkins - International Relations

SEMESTER – VI SBS – IV. ISLAMIC ARCHITECTURE HOURS: 2 CREDITS: 2 SUB CODE: 14UHIS61/14UHVS61

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To enable the students to study and understand the greatness of Islamic Architecture in India.
- **2.** The study of this subject enables the students to know the importance of Islamic Architecture in the rich Cultural Heritage of India.

UNIT-I

Architecture – definition, importance, nature and scope.

UNIT- II

Contributions of Delhi Sultans to Art and Architecture – Qutubuddin Aibak – Iltutmish – Alauddin Khilji – Feroz Tughluq.

UNIT III

Contributions of Mughals to Art and Architecture – Purana qila – Shershah's tomb at Sasaram – Fatehpur sikri – Buland Darwaza – Panch Mahal- Ibadat khana – Agra Fort – Sikandara – Humayun's tomb – Akbar's Tomb – Jahangir's Shalimar Gardens at Lahore and Kashmir - Shah Jahan, "prince of builders" – Monuments – Palaces – Forts - Mosques. Tajmahal – Jamma Masjid – Mothimasjid - Red fort.

UNIT – IV

Contributions of Aurangazeb and Later Mughals to Architecture – Bibika Magbara.

UNIT- V

Islamic Architecture in Tamilnadu – Indo – Saracenic Art - Madras University Senate Hall-Nawabs' Contributions - Moorish buildings – Amir Mahal and Tajuddin Auliya Dargah at Madurai.

Books for Study:

1. Mahajan, V.D. - History of India, Volume II

2. Basham,A.L. - Wonder that was India

3. Iswari Prasad - History of Medieval India

4. Srivastava, A.L. - History of Medieval India.

5. Majumdar, R.C.(ed), - History and Culture of Indian People- Mughal Empire.

6. Archaeological Survey of India - Guides

<u>SEMESTER – VI</u>

SBS-V

FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTERS

HOURS :2 CREDITS : 2 SUB.CODE:14UHIS62/14UHVS62

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To prepare the student community to get the knowledge of Computers.
- 2. The study of this subject creates employment opportunities for the students.

UNIT: I

Meaning of Computer – Characteristics features of Computers – Generation and classification of computers – history and development of computers.

UNIT - II

Hardware and Software – Central Processing unit (CPU) – Input and Out Put devices – Memory (Bits and Bytes).

<u>UNIT – III</u>

Operating system Dos – UNIX – Windows.

UNIT-IV

Computer Viruses- Animation – Multimedia calls centers.

UNIT - V

Net work and importance of Internet – Uses of computers in the Present day world.

- 1. Rajkanan,V Fundamentals of Computers
- 2. Murthy, C.S. V Fundamentals of Computers

SEMESTER – VI SBS-VI. JOURNALISM HOURS: 2 CREDITS: 2

SUBJECT CODE: 14UHIS63/14UHVS63

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To enable the students to study and understand Journalism and its Importance.
- **2.** The study of this subject creates awareness about the role of Journalism in Democracy and in Modern India.

Unit: 1

Fundamental Principles of Journalism – Aims – Duties & Responsibilities of journals.

Unit – II

Rights & Privileges of the Press in India – Role of Journalism in Democracy.

Unit – III

Growth of Journalism in Tamilnadu – Role of Tamil Journals in the Freedom Movement.

Unit - IV

News Agencies - Indian News Agencies - Press Council of India.

Unit - V

Press & Law – Law of Defamation – Contempt of Court – Copyright Act – Official Secrets Act – Obscene Prohibition Act

Books for study

1. Astor J.J. – Arts of Modern Journalism.

2. Gurusamy P. – Idazhiyal

3. Joseph M.K. – Freedom of Press

4. Nirmal J. - Indian Press

5. Sita Bhatia – Press & National Movement

6.Rengasamy and Parthsarathy – Journalism in India.

SEMESTER – VI PART –IV. VALUE EDUCATION

HOURS: 2 CREDITS: 2 SUBJECT CODE: 14UVED61.

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To sensitise the students towards Value formation.
 - 2. The study of this subject motivates the students to take responsibility with regard to making positive personal and social choices.

UNIT: IVALUES AND THE INDIVIDUAL

Values- Meaning-the significance of values-classification of Values-need of Value Education-Values and the individual-self-discipline, self-confidence, self-initiative, Empathy, Compassion, Forgiveness, Honesty and Courage.

UNIT:II VALUES AND RELIGION

Karmayoga in Hinduism-Love and Justice in Christianity-Brotherhood in Islam-Compassion in Buddhism-Ahimsa in Jainism, Courage in Sikhism-Need for Religious Harmony.

UNIT: III VALUES AND SOCIETY

Definition of Society- Democracy- Secularism –Socialism-Gender Justice-Human Rights-Socio- Political Awareness-Social Integration-Social Justice.

UNIT:IV PROFESSIONAL VALUES

Definition-Accountability-Willingness to learn- TeamSpirit- Competence development-Honesty-Transparency-Respecting others-Democratic functioning-Integrity and Commitment.

UNIT: V.ROLE OF SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS IN VALUE FORMATION

Role of Family-Peer Group-Society-Educational Institutions- Role Modelsand Mass Media in Value formation.

Books for Study

1. Subramanyam.k. - Values in Education.

2. Joseph.K.P,(ed) - Peace and Value Education: A creative response to consumerism

and communalism.

3. Tagore, Rabindranath,

- Personality.

4. Sekar, Vincent, - Quest For Harmony: An Anthology of Religions In Dialogue.

5. University Publication - Madurai Kamaraj University.